Physics of Fluids

at University of Twente 1998-2018



PHYSICS 0 FLUIDS



The symposium "Physics of Fluids for the 21st Century" and this booklet have been made possible by the generous support of the following organizations:



J.M.Burgerscentrum

Research School for Fluid Mechanics



Physics of Fluids

at University of Twente 1998-2018

Preface

On July 1st, 2018, the Physics of Fluids group at the University of Twente had its 20th birthday. On occasion of this anniversary, from October 28 to October 31, 2018, we organize the Symposium "Physics of Fluids for the 21st Century", with all present and former Physics of Fluids staff, postdocs, and PhD students being invited. The title points to the future and not to the past, as new challenges and opportunities in physics of fluids keep on popping up.

From my point of view we presently live in the golden age of fluid dynamics. The reasons are that (i) Moore's law is kept on being followed for the computational power, now making simulations possible of which even ten years ago we did not dare to dream of, and (ii) a similar revolution (for the same reason) in digital high-speed imaging, now being able to routinely resolve the millisecond time scale and even smaller scales, revealing new physics on these scales which up to now was inaccessible and producing a huge amount of data on the flow.

Also other advanced equipment like confocal microscopy, digital holographic microscopy and atomic force microscopy get more and more used in fluid dynamics. With all of these advances together, the gap between what can be measured and what can be ab-initio simulated is more quickly closing than we had anticipated at the end of the last century.

Also other gaps are closing. Fluid dynamics is bridging out to various neighboring disciplines such as chemistry and in particular colloidal science, catalysis, electrolysis, medicine, biology, computational science, and many others. Here the techniques, approaches and traditions from fluid dynamics can offer a lot to help to solve outstanding problems and vice versa, these fields can offer wonderful questions to fluid dynamics. Academic fluid dynamics is also bridging out not only to traditional applications



on large scales such as in chemical engineering, in the food industry, or in geophysics, but also to various new high-tech applications, be it in inkjet printing, immersion and XUV lithography, chemical diagnostics, and lab-on-a-chip microfluidics. Many of these developments we will see in the talks at the symposium.

But with an age of 20, one is allowed to also look back. In the last 20 years, the group has achieved quite a lot, thanks to all the enthusiastic and driven young scientists and staff. We put this booklet together for all them. Next to an outline of the various research lines in the last 20 years, it contains photographs of all of us and in addition the PhD theses covers and as highlight various journal covers of the last 20 years. We also included some statistics of the group over the years.

I would like to thank Sander Huisman, Joanita Leferink, and Huub Eggen for the great help in putting this booklet together.

We hope you will enjoy both this booklet and the conference!

Detlef Lohse

Twente, September 2018

4 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS

Contents

	page
Preface	3
Contents	5
Physics of Fluids: Research lines 1998 - 2018	9
INTERMEZZO - Journal covers 2002 - 2008	56
Current staff	58
INTERMEZZO - Journal covers 2009 - 2012	66
Graduated PoF PhD students 1998 - 2018	68
INTERMEZZO - Journal covers 2012 - 2014	96
Postdocs and young visiting scientists of PoF 1998 - 2018	98
INTERMEZZO - Journal covers 2014 - 2016	116
Present PoF PhD students	118
INTERMEZZO - Journal covers 2016-2018	130
Former staff	134
INTERMEZZO - Posters Lorentz Center Leiden	138
Twenty years of PoF in numbers	142
Group photo August 2018	154
Colophon	158



6 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS



7 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS

Physics of Fluids: Research Lines 1998-2018

The Physics of Fluids group at the University of Twente officially started on July 1st, 1998, with my appointment at the university. By now, the research interests of the group cover fluid dynamics in a broad sense, with focus on turbulence and multiphase flow, micro- and nanofluidics, biomedical flow including ultrasound imaging, and granular flow. Both fundamental and more applied science is done and both experimental, theoretical, and numerical methods are used. The main characteristics of the work is the direct interaction between experiment, theory, and numerics. The covered length scales range from sub-nanometer to astrophysical scales. Various subjects have an application perspective and we closely collaborate with several companies, among them Océ, ASML, AkzoNobel, and Shell.

In this summary we outline what we have identified as the main 15 research lines of the group over the last 20 years, one often developing out of the other. All research lines have been driven and advanced by the PhD students and postdocs of the group, and it has been a great pleasure and privilege to work with so many young brilliant scientists. Up to now, 80 PhD students have finished their theses at Physics of Fluids and 40 PhD theses are ongoing, and the group cumulatively hosted about 60 postdocs. We briefly describe what they worked on or have been working on and how one subject developed out of the other. A chronological list of the theses, with pictures of the PhD students, is also given in this booklet. Full summaries of the theses are available at https://pof.tnw.utwente.nl/publications/phdtheses.

We greatfully acknowledge that our work has only been possible thanks to continuous financial support by the University of Twente, NWO via FOM, STW, CW, and the European Union via ERC and other programs, and various other funding organizations.

Detlef Lohse

Physics of Fluids Group, Max-Planck Center for Complex Fluid Dynamics, MESA+ Research Institute and J.M. Burgers Centre for Fluid Dynamics, University of Twente, P.O. Box 217, 7500 AE Enschede, The Netherlands.











formed by the splash and droplets of a 2-mm drop of red dye impacting on a thin layer of milk. A single droplet of red dye was released from a height above a substrate and recorded with high-speed photography. The extremely fast sequence of events following the droplet impact strongly depends on the type of liquid, droplet size, impact velocity, and the substrate. For a substrate covered with a very thin layer of liquid the impact of a droplet results in an upward jet forming a crown splash. High-speed photography reveals crown formation with tips of entrained milk covering the rim of the coronet. The rim breaks up in a number of satellite droplets determined by the most unstable wavelength of the Rayleigh-Plateau instability. Such photographs led to the logo of the PoF group, very nicely representing the work done in our group. Image taken by Wim van Hoeve, Tim Segers, Hans Kroes, and Michel Versluis.

A splash of red, This crown is



Introduction: Appointment and the first year

In 1997, after my habilitation at the University of Marburg, I was in the process of applying for a professorship and incidentally bumped into an advertisement in Physics Today, for a professorship in "Dispersed multiphase flow". I thought: Dispersed multiphase flow – this is turbulence with bubbles. And as in my PhD thesis I had worked on "Fully developed turbulence" and in my postdoctoral time in Chicago and later in Marburg on "Single bubble sonoluminescence", I thought that it would not do any harm to apply. After two separate visits in early 1998 and two separate application talks – the first one on single bubble sonoluminesce and the second one on probe effects in measurements of turbulent spectra – the appointment committee, headed by the Dean of Physics, Prof. Jan Greve, offered me the job, which I gratefully accepted.

When I arrived in Twente in July 1998, apart from me, the group consisted of ir. **Gerrit de Bruin**, the technician **Henni Scholten**, and the secretary **Marianne van der Linde**.

All helped me a lot in understanding the Dutch university system. The greatest treasure of the group was a vertical turbulent water channel with an active grid, built up in the group of my predecessor **Prof. Leen van Wijngaarden**, namely by his last PhD student Edwin Poorte and the technicians Henni Scholten and **Gert-Wim Bruggert**, who, though those days still part of the Engineering Department, also tremendously helped the group. After Henni's retirement in 2000, Gert-Wim formally joined the group and has ever since been one of its major pillars, carrying and developing a huge amount of technological knowledge and taking care of everybody in many ways.

In 1998, FOM - the Dutch National Foundation for Fundamental Research On Matter - had set up a scientific program on dispersed multiphase flow and so it was very natural to continue with this line of research. Out of this program, FOM generously sponsored one assistant professorship position, one postdoc position, and one PhD position, to work on the water channel, in which FOM had invested before. By 1st of January 1999, I could fill the PhD position with Judith Rensen, who had done her master thesis at the IMFT in Toulouse and had ample experience with experimental two-phase flow. I also wanted to continue with my line of research on single bubble sonoluminescence and my numerical and theoretical activities on turbulence. I had meanwhile acquired a FOM "projectruimte" grant on "Upscaling single bubble sonoluminescence" and also January 1st, 1999, I could fill the corresponding PhD position with Rüdiger Tögel, who had worked with me as master student in Marburg. Out of the startup funds from the university, I hired Irene Mazzitelli to work on the numerics of bubbles in turbulence, together with the first postdoc of the group, Federico Toschi, and out of a German grant on the theory of anisotropic turbulence we still had, I could hire **Anna von der Heydt**, whom I knew as student from teaching Statistical Physics in Marburg. All three started in spring 1999.

I was lucky enough to be able to fill the assistant professorship position with **Michel Versluis**, who started in Twente on April 1st, 1999. As a theoretician, I knew that experimental expertise and skills were badly needed in the group, and Michel brought all this. It is crucial that a group has complementary skills on board and we have ever since followed that principle. Michel soon moved up the ranks and since 2013 is full professor.

Perhaps given my young age, the Dean Prof. Jan Greve had the idea to strengthen the group by the appointment of an experienced scientist as 0.2 fte part time professor and I loved the idea. There was by far no one suited better for this than **Andrea Prosperetti**, who highly appreciated Leen from his time as PhD student in Caltech in the early 1970s where Leen was visiting professor. I knew Andrea Prosperetti from several conferences and in particular from a two-week workshop on sonoluminescence in Leavenworth/Washington State in summer 1997. Andrea liked the experimental opportunities in Twente and joined as part-time professor by December 1, 1998 and I am very thankful that ever since he has kept that position. I have learnt tremendously from Andrea over these two decades and he has had a huge impact on the group. To realize his experimental program, he had negotiated a postdoc, and we were lucky to find **Claus-Dieter Ohl**, who joined us in spring 1999.

The early team is completed by **Bas Benschop**, who also joined in spring 1999, first to take care of the unix computers we had those days and later to be system manager and technician for electronic issues, making sure in his patient and skillful way that everything is running smoothly.

So this was the composition of the group in mid 1999: Gerrit de Bruin, Michel Versluis, and me as scientific staff, Andrea Prosperetti as part-time professor, Henni Scholten, Gert-Wim Bruggert and Bas Benschop as technical staff, Marianne van der Linde as secretary, the two postdocs Federico Toschi and Claus-Dieter Ohl, and the four PhD students Anna von der Heydt, Judith Rensen, Irene Mazzitelli, and Rüdiger Tögel. With this, an elementary matrix of methods and themes as shown in table I had already filled. We were then housed in the socalled "hal IV", which is now called "West-Horst", with the turbulent water channel as only major facility.

TABLE I: Elementary scheme of themes and methods at Physics of Fluids, 1999.

experiment	theory & numerics
Tögel, Ohl	Tögel
Rensen	von der Heydt, Mazzitelli, Toschi
	experiment Tögel, Ohl Rensen

In this introduction, I also would like to already highlight and stress the role of our group manager **Joanita Leferink**, though she joined the group only in 2001 after Marianne's retirement. As everybody of us knows, she not only works for at least three and literally takes care of everything, from appointments to housing to finances and agendas, but is also the good soul of the group. Without her, Gert-Wim, Bas, **Martin Bos** (who joined us as technician in 2005), and **Dennis van Gils** (who rejoined us in 2016) the group could not have flourished and I am very thankful to them.

As one may have noticed, I have employed a color code for the names (on their first appearance), namely **boldface black** for staff, **boldface green** for PhD students who already graduated, **boldface light green** for ongoing PhD students, and **boldface blue** for postdocs or young visiting scientists. Obviously, in this article I cannot cite all papers of the young scientists. So I had to make a selection (based on my knowledge, my personal and subjective preferences, or often simply based on the story line), which hopefully will not offend anybody. I do have a deep appreciation of every single piece of new scientific insight and research output.

boldface black boldface green boldface light green boldface blue

FIG. 1: Setup for single bubble sonoluminescence: Piezos are glued to a flask filled with water. They excite a standing acoustic wave in which the light-emitting bubble is trapped. This setup has its resonance frequency at about 20 kHz. Photo taken by Rüdiger Tögel, Physics of Fluids, Twente, 2000. I also chose this photo as cover page for the booklet with my inaugural speech.



1. Sonoluminescence and cavitation

In Marburg, as master student Rüdiger Tögel had already worked on single bubble sonoluminescence (SBSL) and had built a setup, to study the effect of alcohol surfactants on the strength of the light emission in single bubble sonoluminescence. He brought the setup (operating at 20 kHz) along, improved it (see figure 1), and this work led to my first real Twente publication [1] (though of course there were also publications in 1998 and 1999, but originating from my prior work). He also built a new single bubble sonoluminescence setup, operating at (a very painful!) 7 kHz. Fortunately, adults cannot hear the noise. Cats can, but Marianne was not willing to bring her cat for testing this. The flask is still used in our present bio-lab for degassing water. With this setup Rüdiger revealed the role of water vapor in single bubble sonoluminescence, showing that it prevents the (intuitively expected) upscaling of the light intensity [2]. He also studied SBSL at low temperatures around 4°C, namely with the windowed fridge which is now in the technician's office, serving other purposes. His main result was the full phase diagram of sonoluminescing bubbles, taking various chemical reactions into account [3]. With the collection of his work, he graduated as first PoF PhD student on December 11, 2002.

Around that time, I also wrote the Review of Modern Physics on SBSL [4], together with Michael Brenner and **Sascha Hilgenfeldt**, who had been my first PhD student (finishing in Marburg in 1998 and after that joining Howard Stone (then Harvard) as postdoc, working on

FIG. 2: Comparison between experiment and boundary integral simulation of the cavitation of 5 bubbles in microholes set on a line with a distance of d = $200 \,\mu m$ and a driving pressure of Pa = -1.4 MPa. One clearly sees the shielding effect for the inner bubble, collapsing later than the outer ones. Figure taken from ref. [9].



foams). Just as the other two RMPs I wrote, it took 15 months, but in all three cases these were very enjoyable months in which I learnt a lot. In 2000, Sascha had returned to Europe and joined us as scientific staff. He mainly worked on acoustically driven bubbles and, together with Adrian Staicu, continued to work on foams [5].

Sonoluminesence has brought a lot to me and many subjects which later developed in the group, both on the fundamental side and the application side, can be seen as spin-off from our work on single bubble sonoluminescene. I have decribed this in more detail in ref. [6]. One of these subjects is clearly the snapping shrimp, for which we showed that the sound emission is thanks to a cavitating bubble, thanks to wonderful high-speed imaging done by Michel, correlated with acoustic measurements [7]. Later Michel could even show that light got emitted at the shrimp-generated bubble collapse, a phenomenon that we termed shrimpoluminescence [8].

After having fully understood single bubble sonoluminescence [4], we moved to more complicated situations as coated bubbles, bubbles close to walls, interacting bubbles, and vapor bubbles. Philippe Marmottant developed a model for the radial dynamics of coated bubbles [10] and, together with Sascha Hilgenfeldt, studied acoustic streaming around oscillating bubbles and the resulting interaction with vesicles [11, 12]. Nicolas Bremond studied interacting surface bubbles [9, 13]. Later, extending this work, Bram Borkent studied the cavitation threshold for bubbles in a single nanoscopic micropit [14], next to various other cavitation studies. From the theoretical side, also Marie-Caroline Jullien worked on oscillating bubbles.

The regime of very violent cavitation was also intensively explored by Claus-Dieter Ohl, with his PhD student **Manish Arora**, in particular with respect to medical and biological applications [15]. Later, also the cleaning applications of cavitating bubbles were explored, namely by **Rory Dijkink** [16] and **Aaldert Zijlstra** [17], the latter in the context of cleaning of semiconductor surfaces, in collaboration with IMEC in Belgium. Later, Michel, together with his PhD student **Bram Verhaagen**, further extended this line of research towards acoustical cleaning of dental root canals [18]. **Christos Boutsioukis** collaborated on this dental project, performing CFD on fluid-structure interactions and on transport and mixing during the ultrasonic file cleaning process [19].

Combining our prior work on chemical reactions within cavitating bubbles [3] and on surface bubbles cavitating out of micropits [13], together with the group of Han Gardeniers and in particular his PhD student David Fernández Rivas, we explored the chemical reactions inside such bubbles [20]. The experiments were performed by David and Aaldert, and the theory by Aaldert and **Laura Stricker** [21]. Together with Andrea Prosperetti, who later also wrote a wonderful review on vapor bubbles [22], **Edip Can** performed a numerical study on cavitating vapor bubbles in confined geometries [23]; this work was continued by **Peter van Dijk** and Laura Stricker. Also **Chao Sun**'s first Twente paper, then as a postdoc, was on collapsing vapor bubbles (together with Edip and Rory), more precisely on the growth and collapse of a vapour bubble in a microtube, exploring the role of thermal effects [24]. This line of research on vapor bubbles was further followed by **Oleksandr Shpak**, who, together with Michel, characterized acoustic droplet vaporization both acoustically and optically [25, 26], combining ultrahigh-speed imaging and modeling.

Presently, **Mikhail Zaytsev** and **Yuliang Wang** are working along this research line, namely on laser-generated plasmonic bubbles, disentangling the effects of vapor and gas [27, 28].

'Sonoluminesence has brought a lot to me and many subjects which later developed in the group, both on the fundamental side and the application side, can be seen as spin-off from our work on single bubble sonoluminescene.'

2. Turbulence and turbulent Rayleigh-Bénard and Taylor-Couette flow: theory and numerics

As written in the introduction, as PhD student and as postdoc, I had worked on fully developed turbulence. Given that the community is far from "solving" this problem (whatever this means), it was natural to

continue with this line of research. Anna von der Heydt theoretically and numerically explored "non-ideal turbulence", where the non-ideality consisted of anisotropy and on non-continuous forcing. This work was in close collaboration with my PhD advisor Professor Siegfried Grossmann, who those days often visited in Twente, where we jointly discussed the physics on the whiteboard. We took up the theme of non-ideal turbulence in the context of thermal convection with Francisco Fontenele Araujo, who studied, next to wind-reversals, non-Oberbeck-Boussinesq effects in strongly turbulent Rayleigh-Bénard (RB) convection [29]. We approached both problems also numerically [30, 31], namely Kazuyasu Sugiyama and Enrico Calzavarini. Here we could also closely collaborate with the experimentalists, namely with Guenter Ahlers in Santa Barbara and with Ke-Qing Xia in Hongkong. This also led to two reviews on Rayleigh-Bénard convection, one Rev. Mod. Phys. focusing on the global flow properties [32] and an Annu. Rev. Fluid Mech. focusing on the local flow properties [33].

In the RMP, we have also extensively covered our unifying theory of thermal convection [35–38] on the dependences of the Nusselt number and the Reynolds number on the Rayleigh number and the Prandtl number. But after all the controversial experiments on that subject, we thought that it would get time to do serious numerics. This is what **Richard Stevens** did, achieving Ra = 10¹², see figure 3. He also performed numerical simulations on rotating RB. This work was followed up by



FIG. 3: Temperature field in 3D numerical simulations of thermal convection at Ra = $2 \cdot 10^{12}$, P r = 0.7, and Γ = 1/2. Figure taken from ref. [34].



FIG. 4: Temperature field of our numerical simulation of 2D Rayleigh-Bénard at Ra = 10^{14} and P r = 1, close to the onset of ultimate turbulence. Figure taken from ref. [42]. **Erwin van der Poel** [39], who improved the parallelization of the numerical code considerably and made it open-access [40], together with **Rodolfo Ostilla Mónico**, who also extended the code to the Taylor-Couette (TC) geometry and numerically explored the phase diagram of fully turbulent TC flow [41].

The numerical work has been led by **Roberto Verzicco**, who had joined us in 2010 as part-time professor and who has had tremendous impact on the group. The code was also extended to a multiple-resolution version [43] so that large Prandtl and Schmidt numbers could be treated, and in particular double diffusive convection in the oceanographic context, a sub-line of research pushed ahead by **Yantao Yang** [44, 45]. He numerically simulated double diffusive convection, namely thermohaline convection, with the salt concentration field driving the flow and the temperature field stabilizing it, which can lead to staircase formation, as seen in figure 5.

Further major progress, both on highly turbulent TC and RB, was achieved by **Xiaojue Zhu**, who was the first in our group to include wall structure and roughness into numerical TC and RB flow [46, 47] and in 2D RB even achieved the onset of the ultimate regime [42]. An impression of the flow structure close to the onset is given in figure 4.

The present PhD students in this line of research are **Alexander Blass**, who is numerically exploring the effect of shear on strongly turbulent RB, and **Pieter Berghout**, who puts in realistic roughness in turbulent TC flow.

3. Bubbly flow in the Twente water channel: experiments

As written in the introduction, the Chair was intended for research in turbulent bubbly flow, with the turbulent water channel as key facility, constructed by Leen van Wijngaarden's group from the mid 1990s on. We wanted to continue with this line of research, and Judith Rensen was the first PoF PhD on that subject. Her main result was to measure the spectra of turbulent bubbly flow, finding them to be less steep than the classical -5/3 Kolmogorov scaling for homogeneous isotropic turbulence, thanks to the local energy input of the bubbles [48]. In the lab, Judith was directly supervised by **Stefan Luther**, who helped tremendously with bubble detection through hot-wire anemometry and optical probes. Judith was succeeded by **Ramon van den Berg**, who, with the water channel, studied the effect of microbubbles on turbulence

[49]. Unfortunately, during his PhD the water channel was not available for about two years, as the group was then temporarily housed in "Gebouw A", next to what now is The Gallery. During that time, Ramon entertained himself and us with measurements on Dan Lathrop's TC setup in Maryland [50, 51], finding and exploring bubbly drag reduction. In that period the Twente water channel was stored - and unfortunately stolen. Presumably the expensive metal parts, including the elaborate active grid, had simply been illegally sold to a second-hand metal dealer.

Fortunately, it was insured, and so in our new Meander building, in which we moved in in 2008, we could build a completely new Twente turbulent water channel, overcoming all children's diseases of it predecessor, see figure 6. Gert-Wim did a great job in redesigning and improving it. In fact, the Meander building was built around the water channel, which was put into the ground first. Ramon's successor was Julián Martínez-Mercado, who studied microbubble clustering and energy spectra in pseudo-turbulence and turbulence [52], together with Daniel Chehata Gómez and in particular Chao Sun, and also the Lagrangian statistics of bubble and light particles in turbulence [53]. Chao had entered the group as a postdoc, but soon it was clear FIG. 5: Staircase formation in double diffusive convection. Shown is the salt concentration field. Adopted from the numerical simulations of Yantao Yang. This image also served as logo for our Max Planck Center Twente.



that he was indispensable and he thus quickly moved up the ranks to finally become full professor. He soon led the experimental turbulence activity.

Julian was succeeded by **Vivek Prakash**, who also studied the dynamics of much larger light particles [54] and the energy spectra in bubbly turbulence with much larger bubbles [55]. Next to Chao, the daily supervision was done by **Yoshi Tagawa**. Vivek was then succeeded by **Varghese Mathai**, who focused on the dynamics of large light particles in turbulence, in particular revealing the effect of the wake [56], of gravity [57], and that of the moment of rotation [58]. Varghese, together with **Elise Alméras**, also worked on an experimental investigation of the turbulence induced by a bubble swarm rising within turbulence [59].

The present PhD student on the Twente water channel, shown in its present form in figure 6, is **Jelle Will**, who is studying the dynamics of oddly shaped particles in fully developed turbulence. He is co-



FIG. 6: Sketch and photograph (at right) of the Twente water channel.

20 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS

supervised by **Dominik Krug**, who this year joined us as scientific staff within our Max-Planck Center Twente on Complex Fluid Dynamics, and will work on flotation and sound propagation in bubbly liquids, among other subjects.

Around 2017, the Twente water channel got a little off-spring, the Twente Heat and Mass Transfer water channel, designed by Gert-Wim Bruggert, Dennis van Gils, **Sander Huisman** (who meanwhile had rejoined us as scientific staff on our MCEC project), and Chao Sun, and the PhD students **Biljana Gvozdić** and **Peter Dung**. With this channel we will study heat and mass transfer in bubbly flow.



PHOTO RIKKERT HARINK

4. Numerical simulations on bubbly turbulence

From the very first moment, the experimental work on the Twente water channel was accompanied by numerical simulations. In the first years, we used the point-force model in the spirit of Maxey and Riley [60], but then for bubbles. I have discussed this line of research in detail in chapter 9 of [6]. As already elaborated in the introduction, the first PhD student along that line was Irene Mazzitelli, co-supervised by Federico Toschi. She could reveal the relevance of the lift force for the experimentally observed spectra [61, 62] and was also the first to obtain the very intermittent Lagrangian statistics of light particles in turbulence [63]. This line of research was continued with Enrico Calzavarini, who calculated and characterized the clustering properties of point bubbles and point particles in turbulent flow [64, 65], see figure 7.

With Paolo Oresta, we extended the point particle approach towards vapor bubbles, but giving them an adjustable size, allowing for liquid evaporation into the vapor bubble and vapor condensation from the bubble [66]. The central new dimensionless parameter here is the Jakob number. We continued this line of research with Laura Schmidt [67] and Raja Lakkaraju, with whom we numerically calculated the heat transfer in boiling RB [68]. Corresponding experiments were done by Daniela Narezo Guzmán.

Having gotten more confidence in the point particle approach, with Kazu Sugiyama and Enrico Calzavarini we also applied it to bubbly drag reduction in TC flow [69], but were restricted to microbubble and small Reynolds numbers, where we found that the origin of the drag reduction was that the rising bubbles weakened the Taylor rolls. But with this approach, which Andrea Prosperetti sometimes has called Mickey-Mouse approach, we clearly could not describe the bubbly drag reduction in the strongly turbulent regime which we had experimentally found [50]. So also here we had to go beyond the pure point particle (or Mickey-Mouse or MM) approach and allowed the point particles to stretch and orientate themselves in the flow, building on an idea of Maffettone and Minale [70]. So MM now stood for Maffettone and Minale or for Multiscale Modelling. With such an approach, Vamsi Spandan succeeded to model bubbly drag reduction in TC for intermediate bubble sizes and intermediate Reynolds numbers [71, 72]. His greatest achievement however was to go even one step beyond, namely to implement, under the guidance of Roberto, fully deformable bubbles in TC flow with the immersed boundary method [73, 74]. Presently, this line of research is continued by Martin Assen and Chong Shen Ng.

Andrea Prosperetti himself followed a complementary approach, namely his Physalis method [75], both in Johns Hopkins and with **Aurore Naso** [76] and **Kristján Guðmundsson** in Twente, with which hundreds of spherical solid particle in (not too strong) turbulence flow

can be treated. Yet another complementary approach on particulate two-phase flow with finite-sized particles is the Lattice Boltzmann method and **Maike Baltussen** employed it to perform simulations on sedimentation and fluidization, under the leadership of **Martin van der Hoef**, who in 2012 had joined us as part-time scientific staff on numerical simulations of particulate two-phase flow.



FIG. 7: Snapshots of the particle distribution in turbulent flow field for a Stokes number St = 0.6 for (a) bubbles, (b) tracers, and (c) heavy particles, all for a Taylor-Reynolds number $Re_{\lambda} = 75$, obtained with the point-particle approach in the spirit of Maxey and Riley [60]. Figure taken from ref. [64].



5. Single rising gas bubbles and light particles

When studying many rising bubbles in turbulence as we did with Judith Rensen and Irene Mazzitelli, it was more than natural to also look at the building block of such a system, namely at a single rising bubble in still water. Since Leonardo da Vinci it was known that such a bubble shows path instabilities. In fact, such instabilities also exist for rising large spheres with a large density contrast to the ambient liquid, and **Christian Veldhuis** experimentally studied both instabilities in detail [77].

The problem with such an experimental study is that the rising bubbles or particles quickly vanish out of the focus of the high-speed camera. So one has to trap them. A very good way to do so is to put them in a water-filled cylinder rotating around its horizontal axis. This is on what **Hanneke Bluemink** focused in her thesis [78, 79], including numerical studies with Andrea Prosperetti's Physalis method [75]. Leen van Wijngaarden was closely involved in Hanneke's project and all of us keep on learning from his decade-long experience in fluid dynamics. Leen meanwhile has performed research and taught in Twente for 55 years and thus has educated – by his knowledge, his wisdom, his deep insight, his example, and his passion for science – more than 14 generations of PhD students (counting 4 years per generation), which is absolute unique, and I am very thankful to him.

FIG. 8: Photograph of the T³C facility.



24 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS

6. Taylor-Couette Turbulence and Bubbly Taylor-Couette Turbulence: experiments

In ref. [80], we had shown the very strong mathematical analogy between RB and TC flow, and also outlined how to apply our unifying theory of RB convection [35] to TC flow. From the late 1980s on, there had been many high-precision experiments on strong RB turbulence, mainly by the groups of Guenter Ahlers and of Ke-Qing Xia, but very little had been done on strong TC turbulence, in particular not with coand counter-rotating cylinders. The only measurements on global transport properties in that regime were done by Wendt in the 1930s [81], and we thought that with the present technology we could be able to go beyond that work. So we planned to build a big turbulent TC setup with co- and counter-rotating cylinders. This happened from 2009 on, under the guidance of Chao Sun, with Gert-Wim Bruggert and **Dennis van Gils**, leading to what is now known as Twente Turbulent Taylor-Couette (T³C) facility [82]. This immediately led to some very visible and ground-breaking publications [83–85] of Dennis and the second PhD

FIG. 9: Present state of the experimentally and numerically studied TC parameter space.



25 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS

student on this project, **Sander Huisman**. With **Roeland van der Veen**, we could even show the existence of multiple turbulent states [86]. Next, **Ruben Verschoof** succeeded to implement controlled and varying roughness, leading to a high-impact publication with Xiaojue Zhu and the numerical part of our PoF group (see section 2) [46]. The present state of the field is shown in the parameter space of figure 9, which indeed goes very much beyond what Wendt has done, both experimentally and numerically.

We also used the setup for bubbly TC, showing massive drag reduction with only 4% bubble volume fraction [87]. Ruben and Roeland also succeeded to show that adding surfactants nearly eliminates the drag reduction effect, as the bubbles then become small due to inhibition of coalescence [88]. The work on multi-phase TC flow and TC flow with rough walls is presently continued with the present PhD students **Rodrigo Ezeta**, **Dennis Bakhuis**, and **Pim Bullee**. In particular, in the meantime, we have built an additional boiling TC facility [89], under the guidance of Sander Huisman, Chao Sun, and Gert-Wim Bruggert. With that setup, the temperature is fully controlled so that we can also study boiling TC, which Rodrigo is presently doing.

'The only measurements on global transport properties in the TC turbulence regime were done in the 1930s, and we thought that with the present technology we could be able to go beyond that work.'

7. Ultrasound diagnostics and ultrasound contrast agents

The first spin-off from our work on single bubble sonoluminescence (section 1) was ultrasound diagnostics. How this came about I described in more detail in ref. [6]; here I only stress that medical ultrasound operates at 2 MHz – 7 MHz, which, when one wishes to visualize the bubble dynamics, automatically implies ultra-high-speed imaging. From my early theoretical work on ultrasound contrast agents back in Marburg [90], I knew **Nico de Jong** from the Erasmus University in Rotterdam, and so I was glad that in 1999 he joined us as part-time professor. Together with him, I wrote a big grant in the FOM programme "Physics for Technology", to enter the area of ultra-high-speed imaging. The proposal was granted and Nico and

Michel developed an ultrafast camera, which allowed us to image 128 digital frames with a

FIG. 10: The highspeed imaging facility Brandaris 128, achieving 128 digital images at 25 Mfps. Adopted from ref. [91].





FIG. 11: Confocal recording before (a) and after ultrasound (b) of nanoparticle-loaded microbubbles inducing cell sonoporation. Cells labeled with CellTrace Yellow, fluorescent liposomes labeled in red, and influx of SYTOX Blue due to cell membrane poration results in the blue staining of the cell nucleus. frame rate up to 25 million frames per second [91], see figure 10. We called it "Brandaris 128", as it is based on a rotating mirror, just as the famous Dutch lighthouse Brandaris on Terschelling. This camera allowed us to gain insight into the volume and shape oscillations of bubbles and their interaction among each other and with structures such as cells.

In the meantime, going way beyond "Brandaris" in many ways, Michel Versluis has established himself as one of the world's experts on high-speed imaging in general, having written a great review article on this subject [92].

Many generations of PhD students and postdocs benefitted from the unique "Brandaris" camera. The first was Michiel Postema, who studied the dynamics of ultrasound contrast agent bubbles. Then Sander van der Meer, Jeroen Sijl, Marlies Overvelde, Benjamin Dollet, Valeria Garbin, and Todd Hay studied the resonances of coated bubbles [93–96], focusing in particular on the strong shell-induced nonlinearity of the bubble motion, with much more pronounced bubble compressions than extensions. This so-called "compression only" behavior is excellently described by the "Marmottantmodel", which Philippe Marmottant had developed earlier [10]. Valeria also considerably improved the Brandaris setup by adding an optical tweezer system [97]. An excellent recent review of the modified bubble dynamics for ultrasound contrast agents has later been written by the three involved former PoF postdocs [98].

To make ultrasound contrast agents more efficient, it is desirable to have monodisperse bubbles, resonant to the ultrasound driving frequency [99]. **Wim van Hoeve** investigated this with co-flow devices [100]. Together with Benjamin and Philippe he also showed the importance of the channel geometry on the bubble pinch-off [101]. This line of research was continued with **Tim Segers** who developed bubble sorting devices [102] and developed further understanding of the physicochemistry of the lipid coating process [103].

After 10 years of massive use, it was time for a major improvements of the Brandaris. **Erik Gelderblom** extended the facility to allow for ultra-high-speed fluorescence imaging [104]. This facility was massively used by him and by **Guillaume Lajoinie** to characterize various ultrasound contrast agents and laser-activated cavitation agents and their interaction with cells [105–107]. One example for this is shown in figure 11. Later, **Guillaume Lajoinie**'s activity spread out towards acoustics and various microscale flows, in particular those with phase change, and he became expert for various advanced fluid dynamics instrumentation in the group such as digital holographic microscopy and confocal microscopy.

In 2016, **Chris de Korte** joined the group as part time professor, bringing in his expertise in medical ultrasound imaging, in particular ultrafast plane wave imaging. These new techniques facilitated the first in-man 2D time-resolved visualization of aortic flow by **Erik Groot Jebbink** and may serve as a safe and non-invasive probe to study blood flow-stent interactions in the critically-ill patient [108].

> 'We called the ultrafast camera of Nico and Michel the "Brandaris 128", as it is based on a rotating mirror, just as the famous Dutch lighthouse Brandaris on Terschelling.'

8. Piezo-acoustic inkjet printing and other printing methods

On first sight, the most surprising off-spring from the work on sonoluminescence may be our work on piezo-acoustic inkjet printing, but in both cases a bubble in an acoustic field is key. I was so lucky to meet with Hans Reinten from Océ to get to know about this subject, as I elaborated in ref. [6]. Jos de Jong was the first PhD student on this joint project with Océ, and he fully established the presence and dynamics of air bubbles in the piezo-acoustic ink channel [109, 110]. Roger Jeurissen developed a theoretical model to describe the effect of the bubble [111]. In the meantime, Herman Wijshoff had written a wonderful review article on piezoacoustic inkjet printing [112] with which he graduated. Arjan van der Bos continued with Jos de Jong's work and, together with Mark-Jan van der Meulen, performed high-precision stroboscopic measurements of the inkjet [113]. This was only possible thanks to illumination by Laser-Induced Fluorescence (iLIF), a trick Arjan van der Bos developed with Aaldert Zijlstra, and Erik Gelderblom, in a joint adventure of office 214a with Michel Versluis [114]. These results were one-to-one compared with the numerical simulations by Theo Driessen, who employed the slender jet approximation developed by Jens Eggers, Michael Brenner, and Todd Dupont in Chicago in the early 1990's [115-117]. Also Wim van Hoeve employed this slender jet approximation to predict the breakup of diminutive Rayleigh jets [118].

FIG. 12: Stroboscopic images of the ink-jetting process. "Nature scientific picture of the Year 2014". Figure taken out of [113]. Theo Driessen also used the slender jet approximation to control jet breakup by a superposition of two Rayleigh-Plateau unstable modes [119], a system on which **Pascal Sleutel** performed the corresponding experiments. Those were of interest not only for Océ, but also to ASML, in the context of producing large tin droplets for efficient extreme ultraviolet (EUV) radiation. We were lucky enough that **Frits Dijksman** had joined us as industrial part-time professor meanwhile, and he was involved in the EUV project both from the industrial side (ASML) and from the university side.





The present PhD students working within collaboration and joint Industrial our Partnership Programme (IPP) with Océ are Arjan Fraters, Maaike Rump, and Yogesh Jethani (mainly working on the inkjet channel and nozzle side) and Yaxing Li and Michiel Hack working on the droplet evaporation (mainly of multicomponent droplets) and wetting side, see also section 11. The numerical work on the inkjet printing project with Océ is coordinated by Christian Diddens, who applies a huge variety of numerical methods to droplet jetting and drying. On the experimental side, Tim Segers has rejoined us for the coordination.

The printing activity of the group however goes beyond piezoacoustic inkjet printing. **René Houben** graduated on equipment for printing high viscosity liquids and molten metals. Such material can also be printed with laser-induced forward transfer (LIFT), which was one of the many subjects of **Claas-Willem Visser**'s PhD thesis [121]. Others dealt with cell-printing [122] and – quite the opposite – with the removal of cells through impingement of controlled high-speed microjets [123], see figure 13. Later, the LIFT project in our group was continued by **Jun Luo** and presently by **Martin Klein Schaarsberg** and **Maziyar Jalaal**.

In this section I also want to include our activity within the joint Industrial Partnership Programme (IPP) with ASML on EUV lithography, which **Hanneke Gelderblom** is coordinating, as it developed out of our collaboration with Océ. Within that programme, **Alexander Klein** worked on the shaping of jetted droplets by laser-pulse impacts [124], see figure 14. Presently, **Sten Reijers** performs numerical and theoretical calculations on that project. FIG. 13: Bottom view of the HeLa cell monolayer during jet exposure. The cells are stained with calcein (green) for visualization purposes. The (red) circular end of the capillary is seen in the center of each image; around this position the cells start to detach after jetting is started (t = 0 s). The dark area in the first frame is caused by poor visualization of the cells in that region. The subsequent images show the growth of the cleared area as a function of time. The last image illustrates the detected edge of the detached area (white dashed line) and a circular fit of this interfacial curve (white solid line). Taken from ref. [120].

FIG. 14: Impact of a strong laser pulse on a jetted water drop. Figure taken from ref. [124].



9. Granular matter: shaking and impact

Also the work on granular matter started early on in Twente. During my time as postdoc in Chicago, I had closely followed the field, inspired by the work of Heinrich Jaeger, Sid Nagel, and Leo Kadanoff [125-127]. In particular, I was interested in the question under what conditions a hydrodynamic description of shaken granular matter [128] would break down. Leo Kadanoff had found a very nice and pedagogical example in 1D [129], and inspired by that work and by the work on shaken granular matter by Jens Eggers [130], we developed an experiment and a simple dynamical model of shaken granular matter in a compartementalized container, showing hysteretic clustering of the granulate in a certain range of control parameters [131] and the "sudden death" of this cluster in another range [132]. "We" were Ko van der Weele who had joined the group as scientific staff in 2000, and Devaraj van der Meer, whose main job those days was in the teaching group of the Physics Department. Devaraj's "hobby" soon grew out further and further and we could "buy him off" from his teaching obligations, so that in April 2004 he could finish his PhD on compartementalized granular gases, including a continuum description of such gases. After his PhD, Devaraj van der Meer stayed as scientific staff in PoF due to strong mutual intellectual attraction, quickly moved up the ranks, and became full professor in 2013.

FIG. 15: (a-f) Impact (at t=0s) of a steel ball on soft, decompactified sand (grain diameter typically 40 µm). The splash and the jet emerge, just as in water. The grains in the jet cluster due to their inelastic collisions. The last frame shows a granular eruption caused by the rising air bubble. Figures taken from ref. [145].



In the meantime, **René Mikkelsen** had joined us as PhD student on a project on shaken bidisperse compartementalized granular matter [133]. **Peter Eshuis** continued this line of research on shaken granular matter, in particular studying granular convection [134], again including its continuum description, and what we called the granular Leidenfrost phenomenon [135]. **Henk Jan van Gerner** included the effect of the ambient air in the dynamics of shaken granular matter, studying the competition between Newtonian and Stokesian forces through Faraday heaping [136]. **Ceyda Sanlı** replaced the air by liquid and studied the collective particle dynamics on Faraday waves [137].

The large and often underestimated relevance of air in granular matter also became clear from our work on the impact of a steel ball on soft, fine granular matter. **Raymond Bergmann** was the first to start with this activity in our group, focusing on the void collapse after impact and the subsequent formation of a granular jet [138], see figure 15. **Gabriel Caballero Robledo** nicely revealed the role of the air for the steel ball intrusion and the jet formation in detail [139]. This study was later extended and perfected in many ways by **Tess Homan** [140]. **Stefan von Kann** extended the study on intruder dynamics to that in cornstarch suspensions [141] and **Rianne de Jong** and **Song-Chuan Zhao** studied the impact of rain drops on sand [142]. An example of such an impact is shown in figure 16.

The work on shaken granular matter was resumed by **Sylvain Joubaud**, who studied the fluctuation theorem for a "granular ratched" [143], i.e. a ratchet driven by shaken granular matter. This work on granular ratchets was continued by **Loreto Oyarte**, who also continued with the work on intruder dynamics in non-Newtonian liquids [144], together with **Adeline Pons**.



FIG. 16: The impact of a water droplet on sand can lead to a donut formation. Photo taken by Rianne de Jong.

10. Impact on liquid surfaces



FIG. 17: Void forming after the impact of a non-axisymmetric disk on a water surface. Oscar Enríquez called this photograph the "pineapple". Figure taken from [149].

As the steel ball impact on fine decompactified sand [138] has such a strong analogy with the impact on water, it was evident that we could not resist to also study that. Another reason was the analogy between void collapse and bubble collapse (which I elaborated in ref. [6]), and in this sense also this line of research is an off-spring from the work on sonoluminescing bubbles. One challenge in such impact studies of an intruder on a water surface is that the velocity of the intruder in the fluid is not constant, but determined by the forces the intruder experiences. To overcome this complication, Raymond Bergmann designed a setup in which we could set the velocity of an intruding disk to a pre-defined value (in dimensionless form, a Froude number), so that we could fully focus on the dynamics of the void emerging at impact and its collapse, which can be nicely modelled with boundary integral methods [146]. Raymond's studies were continued up

by **Stephan Gekle**, who focused on high-Froude number impact and the final phase of the impact, as in both situations the role of the air flow becomes relevant [147, 148]. Correspondingly, he extended the boundary integral solver to include the dynamics of the air-phase.

Ivo Peters, with his master student Oscar Enríquez and with Stefan Gekle and Laura Schmidt, extended this study to the impact of non-axisymmetric disks [149] (see figure 17) and applied the boundary integral solver to the impact through a liquid-liquid interface [150] and to supersonic jetting [151, 152], which had experimentally been studied by Yoshi Tagawa. Presently, in our group **Shuai Li** works with boundary integral methods, to study giant bubble collapse for low-frequency sound generation for acoustic marine geophysical survey.

Tuan Tran [153], and later Wilco Bouwhuis from the numerical side [154], focused on the early air entrainment during droplet impact on liquid surfaces. Also Utkarsh Jain is in the tradition of this line of research, studying such air cushioning in water impact. Together with him, Mazi Jalaal is studying the impact of non-Newtonian droplets on liquid surfaces, among many other things. Finally, Srinath Lakshman works on the impact of droplets on thin liquid films. The striking phenomena which can happen during such an event are shown in figure 18.


FIG. 18: A splash of red, This crown is formed by the splash and droplets of a 2-mm drop of red dye impacting on a thin layer of milk. A single droplet of red dye was released from a height above a substrate and recorded with high-speed photography. The extremely fast sequence of events following the droplet impact strongly depends on the type of liquid, droplet size, impact velocity, and the substrate. For a substrate covered with a very thin layer of liquid the impact of a droplet results in an upward jet forming a crown splash. High-speed photography reveals crown formation with tips of entrained milk covering the rim of the coronet. The rim breaks up in a number of satellite droplets determined by the most unstable wavelength of the Rayleigh-Plateau instability. Such photographs led to the logo of the PoF group, very nicely representing the work done in our group. Image taken by Wim van Hoeve, Tim Segers, Hans Kroes, and Michel Versluis.

11. Droplet impact on solids

In the last two sections I have reported on our work on the impact of droplets on water and sand. The first in our group to study droplet impact on solids was **Peichun Amy Tsai**, namely on micro- and nanopatterned (superhydropobic) surfaces [155–157]. Wilco Bouwhuis, together with Roeland van der Veen and many others on the experimental side, studied the air entrainment under the droplet and how it depends on the impact velocity [158]. The comparison between numerical simulations and experiments on droplet impact was provided by **Sander Wildeman** and Claas-Willem Visser [120, 159].



FIG. 19: (a) Schematics of the performed droplet impact experiments, with increasing impact velocity V0 (from left to right). (b) An example of an interference pattern and (c) the extracted air thickness profile. Note the difference in horizontal and vertical length scales. (d) The entrained bubble volume V_b as compared to the droplet volume as function of droplet impact velocity U = V0 (upper axis) or in dimensionless form as function of the Stokes number. Experiments and numerical simulations excellently agree and show a pronounced maximum. Left of it the impact is dominated by capillarity, right of it by inertia, with little entrainment in both cases. Figures adopted from ref. [158].

In the PoF group we let everything fall on everything. So in this tradition, **François Boyer** studied how shear-thicking liquids impact [160]. This study was continued by **Marie-Jean Thoraval**. **Marise Gielen** and **Riëlle de Ruiter** let droplets fall on elastic membranes, in the context of our IPP with ASML.

Tuan Tran, together with **Erik-Jan Staat** (also in collaboration with Océ) and later **Michiel van Limbeek**, **Minori Shirota**, and **Kirsten Harth** extended the droplet impact study towards the impact on superheated surfaces, thus exploring the physics of the Leidenfrost effect [161–163]. **Hrudya Nair**, together with Erik Jan, also studied this Leidenfrost effect on superheated carbon-nanofiber surfaces. **Anaïs Gauthier** studied how the Leidenfrost effect can be inverted, with water droplets floating and freezing on liquid nitrogen.

The opposite of superheated surface are supercooled surfaces, and more recently we have started a study on freezing droplets, performed by **Alvaro Marin**, Oscar Enríquez [164], Riëlle de Ruiter [165] and presently **Robin Koldewij** and **Pallav Kant**.

> 'In the PoF group we let everything fall on everything.'

12. Droplet evaporation

After droplet impact, volatile droplets will eventually evaporate. Also on this subject Peichun Amy Tsai was the first to perform studies [166], namely on droplet evaporation on microstructured surfaces. **Hanneke Gelderblom** and Alvaro Marin studied colloidal droplet evaporation on substrates providing pinning [167] and on omniphobic surfaces [168], see figure 20. Presently, within the ERC Starting grant of assistant professor Alvaro Marin, **Carola Seyfert**, **Myrthe Bruning**, **Jiaming Zhang**, and **Mathieu Souzy** are continuing with the line of research of particle clogging and jamming in suspension droplets and in confined geometries in microfluidics.

Huanshu Tan extended the evaporation studies to the evaporation of ternary liquids, namely to evaporating ouzo droplets [169]. A snapshot of such an evaporating ouzo droplet, showing nucleation of micro-droplets, is shown in figure 21.



FIG. 20: The evaporation of a colloidal droplet on an omniphobic surface leads to the formation of a mini-soccer ball. Figure taken from ref. [168].

13. Surface nanobubbles and surface nanodroplets



FIG. 21: Evaporating ouzo droplet, showing the nucleation of microdroplets, first at the rim. Figure adopted from the movies of ref. [169].

In section 1 I have described how our study on single bubble sonoluminescence and cavitation had naturally led to surface bubbles trapped in cavities [13]. With **Oscar Enríquez**, Álvaro Moreno Soto, and **Pablo Peñas-López**, we studied the diffusive dynamics of such bubbles trapped in cavities (in controlled CO₂ oversatured liquid), finding

pronounced history effects [170–172]. Presently, Xiaolai Li is continuing this line of research [173].

But around 2000, tiny surface bubbles had been found also on seemingly *smooth* surfaces, see our review on these so-called surface nanobubbles [174], see figure 22a. Soon after their discovery, they caught our attention. The first PhD student on the subjecty was **Shangjiong Yang**, who



FIG. 22: (a) AFM image $(4 \times 4\mu m^2)$ of a surface nanobubble on a HOPG surface, obtained through the solvent exchange process. (b) AFM image $(30 \times 30\mu m^2)$ of surface nanodroplets on a hydrophobically coated Si surface, also obtained through the solvent exchange process. The color code goes from 0 (red) to 800 nm (green). Figures taken from our recent review article on surface nanobubbles and surface nanodroplets [174].



FIG. 23: Artist's view of the visualization of microdroplet nucleation by bursting nanobubbles, based on ref. [179].

> characterized such surface nanobubbles with AFM [175], in close collaboration with the group of Harold Zandvliet, who has tremendous expertise with AFM and with whom we have been collaborating on most nanobubble and nanodroplet projects. Bram Borkent [176] and James Seddon [177] continued this line of research. On the theoretical side, Stefan Dammer and Joost Weijs performed numerical simulation, using molecular dynamics (MD). Robin Berkelaar succeeded to show that in many cases the objects seen in AFM images are in fact not surface nanobubbles, but surface nanodroplets of some contaminating liquid [178].

> Xuehua Zhang, with Henri Lhuissier, could show that under boiling conditions surface nanobubbles nucleate microdroplets [179], shedding light on the relevance of pinning. A visualization of the process is given in figure 23. They also characterized the spatial organization of surface nanobubbles [180], deducing information on the nanobubble formation process from it.

> The breakthrough on our understanding of nanobubble stability was achieved with **Xuehua Zhang**, after she had returned to Melbourne as Associate Professor, namely to realize the relevance of both contact line pinning and oversaturation [181]. In the meantime, Xuehua had also

been appointed as part-time professor in our PoF group, bringing to our group a huge amount of knowledge from the chemical and colloidal side. Our theory had meanwhile been supported by **Shantanu Maheshwari's** MD simulations [182] and Xiaojue Zhu's continuum dynamics simulations. **Vitaly Svetovoy** and **Ivan Dević** included the effect of disjoining pressure into that theory [183].

Pengyu Lyu extended this line of research on surface bubbles to catalytic bubbles [184], and so does Thijs Verkaaik, and Nakul Pande to electrolytic bubbles. Pantelis Bampoulis used AFM to characterize strongly confined ice and alcohol-water mixtures on graphene layers [185], again in close collaboration with Harold Zandvliet's group. Xiumei Liu, together with Xuehua Zhang, studied the formation and dissolution of microbubbles on plasmonic nanopillar arrays [186]. Borge ten Hagen, together with Maziyar Jalaal and Alvaro Marin, explored how the generation of catalytic bubbles on one side of Janus particles in peroxide solutions lead to the particle propulsion, focusing on collective effects.

As it is tremendously difficult to perform AFM on surface nanobubbles, we have more and more focused on surface nanodroplets, which obey the same diffusive dynamics. An example of surface nanodroplets is shown in see figure 22b. **Erik Dietrich** was the first who did a systematic study of dissolving surface drops in our group, finding different dissolution modes [187] and for large droplets and high solubility convective effects [188]. The present PhD students and postdocs working on diffusive droplets dynamics (mainly with an ERC Advanced grant) are **Yanshen Li**, **Corentin Tregouët**, **José Encarnación Escobar**, **Ricardo López de la Cruz**, and **Lijun Thayyil Raju** on the experimental side and on the numerical side **Steven Chong** and **Vatsal Sanjay**.





14. Wetting

In section 11 I have already mentioned that we worked on the impact of droplets on superhydrophobic surfaces. But even when gently depositing liquid droplets on such surfaces, interesting dynamics can happen. The first to look into this in our group were **Mauro Sbragaglia** (from a numerical side, employing the Lattice-Boltzmann method) and **Christophe Pirat** (from an experimental side, employing high-speed imaging), who analysed how droplets underwent the transition from the Cassie-Baxter state to the Wenzel state on a well-structure and well-defined superhydrophobic surface, namely by "zipping-wetting" [189, 190], see figure 24.

The PoF work on wetting got tremendously accelerated when **Jacco Snoeijer** joined us as scientific staff in 2008. He introduced the subject and himself with a wonderful review article on wetting phenomena [191]. Under his guidance, **Tak Shing Chan** developed a theory for air entrainment by contact lines of a solid plate plunged into a viscous fluid [192]. **Koen Winkels, Antonin Eddi**, and **Federico Hernández-Sánchez** explored the spreading of droplets on substrates [193], in collaboration with ASML. **Jens Harting** performed corresponding numerical simulations.

Stefan Karpitschka, Siddartha Das, and Anupam Pandey worked on wetting on soft substrates [194, 195] and on the inverted cheerios effect [196], i.e., on studying the attraction or repulsion of liquid droplets on a thin surface. Maxime Costalonga, with Stefan Karpitschka and Myrthe Bruning, worked on surface droplet coalescence. Presently, Walter Tewes, Mathijs van Gorcum, Liz Mensink, Diana García González, and Michiel Hack work on wetting projects.

15. Wind farm simulations

One of the newest lines of research in the group connects to the research line "Turbulence: theory and numerics", section 2. After **Richard Stevens** had returned from Johns Hopkins University as Assistant Professor, he continued with wind farm simulations and modeling, a subject he had started there. These simulations are not DNS, but LES – large eddy simulations, but nonetheless give outstanding results. An impression is given in figure 25. Richard also meanwhile has provided a great review on this subject [197]. The present PhD students on this project are **Srinidhi Nagarada Gadde**, **Jessica Strickland**, and **Anja Stieren** and the postdocs have been **Menggi Zhang** and **Luogin Liu**.

Closing

As seen from the various research lines of the group, the subjects in the group have dynamically evolved with time. Some have given birth to many others, others continued, again others ceased, as problems got solved. Also the expertise in the group and of the staff has dynamically evolved. Our principle has always been to have complementary expertise on board, of course, next to scientific excellence and scientific drive. In table II, which emerged out of table I, I have tried to visualize the expertise of the present scientific staff, as long as this is possible in a two-dimensional parameter space.



FIG. 25: Numerical simulation of a wind farm. Taken from Richard Stevens' review article [197]. But there is also lots of expertise in Twente outside the group, and the University of Twente has provided us with an excellent scientific and technological environment and outstanding "making" facilities, be it within Mesa+ or through TCO.

There are many scientific groups in Twente with whom we have nicely collaborated over the last 20 years, originating from three different departments. Namely, in alphabetical order (and I hope not to forget anybody), I would like to thank the groups of Albert van den Berg, Niels Deen (now TU/e), Jan Eijkel, Severine Le Gac, Han Gardeniers, Bernard Geurts, Harry Hoeijmakers, Marcel Karperien, Hans Kuipers (now TU/e), Rob Lammertink, Leon Lefferts, Ton van Leeuwen (now AMC), Stefan Luding, Guido Mul, Gert-Willem Römer, Wiendelt Steenbergen, Julius Vancso, Jaap van der Vegt, Kees Venner, Matthias Wessling (now Aachen), and Harold Zandvliet for the outstanding and very long collaborations – I am looking forward to more joint endeavors to come!

I also would like to thank our industrial partners, in particular Océ, ASML, AkzoNobel, Shell, Tata, DSM, Bracco, Medspray, LAM, and Philips, and of course our many external collaborators from universities and institutes all over the world.

Table II: Distribution of core expertise of the staff of the PoF group in 2018.

I close with thanking my scientific teachers, Siegfried Grossmann, Leo Kadanoff, and Andrea Prosperetti. I have learnt tremendously from all of them and I am extremely grateful to them and will always be.

EXPERTISE		Experimental	Theoretical	Numerical
Macroscale	full prof			
	tenure track			B
	part time			
Microscale	full prof			
	tenure track			G
	part time			

- [1] R. Toegel, S. Hilgenfeldt, and D. Lohse, *The effect of surfactants on single bubble sonoluminescence*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **84**, 2509 (2000).
- [2] R. Toegel, B. Gompf, R. Pecha, and D. Lohse, *Does water vapor prevent upscaling sonoluminescence*?, Phys. Rev. Lett. 85, 3165 (2000).
- [3] R. Toegel and D. Lohse, *Phase diagrams for sonoluminescing bubbles: A comparison between experiment and theory*, J. Chem. Phys. **118**, 1863 (2003).
- [4] M. P. Brenner, S. Hilgenfeldt, and D. Lohse, *Single bubble sonoluminescence*, Rev. Mod. Phys. **74**, 425 (2002).
- [5] S. Hilgenfeldt, A. M. Kraynik, S. A. Koehler, and H. A. Stone, *An accurate von Neumann's law for three-dimensional foams*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **86**, 2685 (2001).
- [6] D. Lohse, *Bubble puzzles: From fundamentals to applications*, Phys. Rev. Fluids **3**, (2018).
- [7] M. Versluis, A. v. d. Heydt, B. Schmitz, and D. Lohse, *How snapping shrimp snap: through cavitating bubbles*, Science **289**, 2114 (2000).
- [8] D. Lohse, B. Schmitz, and M. Versluis, *Snapping shrimp make flashing bubbles*, Nature 413, 477 (2001).
- [9] N. Bremond, M. Arora, S. Dammer, and D. Lohse, *Interaction of cavitation bubbles on a wall*, Phys. Fluids 18, 121505 (2006).
- [10] P. Marmottant, S. van der Meer, M. Versluis, N. de Jong, S. Hilgenfeldt, and D. Lohse, A model for large amplitude oscillations of coated bubbles accounting for buckling and rupture, J. Acoust. Soc. Am. **118**, 3499 (2005).
- [11] P. Marmottant and S. Hilgenfeldt, Controlled vesicle deformation and lysis by single oscillating bubbles, Nature 423, 153 (2003).
- [12] P. Marmottant and S. Hilgenfeldt, A bubble-driven microfluidic transport element for bioengineering, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 101, 9523 (2004).
- [13] N. Bremond, M. Arora, C. D. Ohl, and D. Lohse, *Controlled multi-bubble surface cavitation*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **96**, 224501 (2006).
- [14] B. M. Borkent, S. Gekle, A. Prosperetti, and D. Lohse, Nucleation threshold and deactivation mechanisms of nanoscopic cavitation nuclei, Phys. Fluids 21, 102003 (2009).
- [15] C. D. Ohl, M. Arora, R. Ikink, N. D. Jong, M. Versluis, M. Delius, and D. Lohse, *Sonoporation from Jetting Cavitation Bubbles*, Biophys. J. **91**, 4285 (2006).
- [16] C. D. Ohl, M. Arora, R. Dijkink, V. Janve, and D. Lohse, Surface cleaning from laserinduced cavitation bubbles, Appl. Phys. Lett. 89, 074102 (2006).
- [17] A. Zijlstra, T. Janssens, K. Wostyn, M. Versluis, P. M. Mertens, and D. Lohse, in Ultra Clean Processing of Semiconductor Surfaces IX, Solid State Phenomena 145-146, 7 (2009).
- [18] B. Verhaagen, C. Boutsioukis, L. W. M. van der Sluis, and M. Versluis, Acoustic streaming induced by an ultrasonically oscillating endodontic file, The Journal of the Acoustical Society of America 135, 1717 (2014).
- [19] C. Boutsioukis, E. Kastrinakis, T. Lambrianidis, B. Verhaagen, M. Versluis, and L. W. M. van der Sluis, Formation and removal of apical vapor lock during syringe irrigation: a combined experimental and Computational Fluid Dynamics approach, International Endodontic Journal 47, 191 (2014).
- [20] D. Rivas Fernandez, A. Prosperetti, A. G. Z. Aaldert, D. Lohse, and H. J. G. E. Gardeniers, *Efficient Sonochemistry through Microbubbles Generated with Micromachined Surfaces*, Angewandte Chemie International Edition 49, 9699 (2010).
- [21] L. Stricker, A. Prosperetti, and D. Lohse, *Validation of an approximate model for the thermal behavior in acoustically driven bubbles*, J. Acoust. Soc. Am. **130**, 3243 (2011).

- [22] A. Prosperetti, Vapor Bubbles, Ann. Rev. Fluid Mech. 49, 221 (2017).
- [23] E. Can and A. Prosperetti, A level set method for vapor bubble dynamics, J. Comp. Phys. 231, 1533 (2012).
- [24] C. Sun, E. Can, R. Dijkink, D. Lohse, and A. Prosperetti, Growth and collapse of a vapour bubble in a microtube: the role of thermal effects, J. Fluid Mech. 632, 5 (2009).
- [25] O. Shpak, L. Stricker, M. Versluis, and D. Lohse, *The role of gas in ultrasonically driven vapor bubble growth*, Phys. Med. Biol. **58**, 2523 (2013).
- [26] O. Shpak, M. Verweij, H. J. Vos, N. de Jong, D. Lohse, and M. Versluis, Acoustic droplet vaporization is initiated by superharmonic focusing, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 111, 1697 (2014).
- [27] Y. Wang, M. E. Zaytsev, H. L. The, J. C. T. Eijkel, H. J. W. Zandvliet, X. Zhang, and D. Lohse, Vapor and Gas-Bubble Growth Dynamics around Laser-Irradiated, Water-Immersed Plasmonic Nanoparticles, ACS Nano 11, 2045 (2017).
- [28] Y. Wang, M. E. Zaytsev, G. Lajoinie, H. L. The, J. C. T. Eijkel, A. van den Berg, B. M. Weckhuysen, X. Zhang, H. J. W. Zandvliet, and D. Lohse, *Giant and explosive plasmonic bubbles by delayed nucleation*, Proc. Nat. Acad. Soc. https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1805912115, (2018).
- [29] G. Ahlers, E. Brown, F. Fontenele Araujo, D. Funfschilling, S. Grossmann, and D. Lohse, *Non-Oberbeck*-Boussinesq effects in strongly turbulent Rayleigh-Bénard convection, J. Fluid Mech. 569, 409 (2006).
- [30] K. Sugiyama, E. Calzavarini, S. Grossmann, and D. Lohse, Flow organization in non-Oberbeck-Boussinesq Rayleigh-Bénard convection in water, J. Fluid Mech. 637, 105 (2009).
- [31] K. Sugiyama, R. Ni, R. J. A. M. Stevens, T. S. Chan, S.-Q. Zhou, H.-D. Xi, C. Sun, S. Grossmann, K.-Q. Xia, and D. Lohse, *Flow reversals in thermally driven turbulence*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **105**, 034503 (2010).
- [32] G. Ahlers, S. Grossmann, and D. Lohse, *Heat transfer and large scale dynamics in turbulent Rayleigh-Bénard convection*, Rev. Mod. Phys. **81**, 503 (2009).
- [33] D. Lohse and K.-Q. Xia, Small-scale properties of turbulent Rayleigh-Bénard convection, Ann. Rev. Fluid Mech. 42, 335 (2010).
- [34] R. J. A. M. Stevens, D. Lohse, and R. Verzicco, *Prandtl and Rayleigh number dependence of heat transport in high Rayleigh number thermal convection*, J. Fluid Mech. **688**, 31 (2011).
- [35] S. Grossmann and D. Lohse, Scaling in thermal convection: A unifying view, J. Fluid. Mech. 407, 27 (2000).
- [36] S. Grossmann and D. Lohse, *Thermal convection for large Prandtl number*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 86, 3316 (2001).
- [37] S. Grossmann and D. Lohse, *Prandtl and Rayleigh number dependence of the Reynolds number in turbulent thermal convection*, Phys. Rev. E **66**, 016305 (2002).
- [38] S. Grossmann and D. Lohse, *Fluctuations in turbulent Rayleigh-Bénard convection: The role of plumes*, Phys. Fluids **16**, 4462 (2004).
- [39] E. P. van der Poel, R. Ostilla-Monico, R. Verzicco, S. Grossmann, and D. Lohse, Logarithmic mean temperature profiles and their connection to plume emissions in turbulent Rayleigh-Bénard convection, Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 154501 (2015).
- [40] E. P. van der Poel, R. Ostilla-Monico, J. Donners, and R. Verzicco, A pencil distributed finite difference code for strongly turbulent wall-bounded flows, Computers & Fluids 116, 10 (2015).

- [41] R. Ostilla-Monico, E. P. van der Poel, R. Verzicco, S. Grossmann, and D. Lohse, *Exploring the phase diagram of fully turbulent Taylor-Couette flow*, J. Fluid Mech. **761**, 1 (2014).
- [42] X. Zhu, V. Mathai, R. J. A. M. Stevens, R. Verzicco, and D. Lohse, *Transition to the Ultimate Regime in Two-Dimensional Rayleigh-Beénard Convection*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **120**, 144503 (2018).
- [43] R. Ostilla-Monico, Y. Yang, E. P. van der Poel, D. Lohse, and R. Verzicco, A multipleresolution strategy for Direct Numerical Simulation of scalar turbulence, J. Comp. Phys. 301, 308 (2015).
- [44] Y. Yang, E. P. van der Poel, R. Ostilla-Mónico, C. Sun, R. Verzicco, S. Grossmann, and D. Lohse, *Salinity transfer in bounded double diffusive convection*, J. Fluid Mech. **768**, 476 (2015).
- [45] Y. Yang, R. Verzicco, and D. Lohse, From convection rolls to finger convection in doublediffusive turbulence, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 113, 69 (2016).
- [46] X. Zhu, R. A. Verschoof, D. Bakhuis, S. G. Huisman, R. Verzicco, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, Wall-roughness induces asymptotic ultimate turbulence, Nature Physics 14, 417 (2018).
- [47] X. Zhu, R. J. A. M. Stevens, R. Verzicco, and D. Lohse, *Roughness-Facilitated Local 1/2 Scaling Does Not Imply the Onset of the Ultimate Regime of Thermal Convection*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **119**, 154501 (2017).
- [48] J. M. Rensen, S. Luther, and D. Lohse, Velocity structure functions in turbulent twophase flows, J. Fluid Mech. 538, 153 (2005).
- [49] T. H. van den Berg, S. Luther, and D. Lohse, *Energy spectra in microbubbly turbulence*, Phys. Fluids **18**, 038103 (2006).
- [50] T. H. van den Berg, S. Luther, D. P. Lathrop, and D. Lohse, *Drag reduction in bubbly Taylor-Couette turbulence*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **94**, 044501 (2005).
- [51] T. H. van den Berg, D. P. M. van Gils, D. P. Lathrop, and D. Lohse, *Bubbly turbulent drag reduction is a boundary layer effect*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **98**, 084501 (2007).
- [52] J. Martinez-Mercado, D. Chehata-Gomez, D. van Gils, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, On bubble clustering and energy spectra in pseudo-turbulence, J. Fluid Mech. 650, 287 (2010).
- [53] J. M. Mercado, V. N. Prakash, Y. Tagawa, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, Lagrangian statistics of light particles in turbulence, Phys. Fluids 24, 055106 (2012).
- [54] V. N. Prakash, Y. Tagawa, E. Calzavarini, J. M. Mercado, F. Toschi, D. Lohse, and C. Sun, *How gravity and size affect the acceleration statistics of bubbles in turbulence*, New J. Phys. 14, 105017 (2012).
- [55] V. N. Prakash, J. M. Mercado, L. van Wijngaarden, E. Mancilla, Y. Tagawa, D. Lohse, and C. Sun, *Energy spectra in turbulent bubbly flows*, J. Fluid Mech. **791**, 174 (2016).
- [56] V. Mathai, V. N. Prakash, J. Brons, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Wake-driven Dynamics of finitesized light spheres in turbulence*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **115**, 124501 (2015).
- [57] V. Mathai, E. Calzavarini, J. Brons, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Micro-bubbles and micro-particles are not faithful trackers of turbulent acceleration*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **117**, 024501 (2016).
- [58] V. Mathai, X. Zhu, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Flutter to tumble transition of buoyant spheres triggered by rotational inertia changes*, Nat. Commun. 9, 1792 (2018).
- [59] E. Almeras, V. Mathai, D. Lohse, and C. Sun, *Experimental investigation of the turbulence induced by a bubble swarm rising within incident turbulence*, J. Fluid Mech. 825, 1091 (2017).
- [60] M. R. Maxey and J. J. Riley, Equation of motion for a small rigid sphere in a nonuniform flow, Phys. Fluids 26, 883 (1983).

- [61] I. M. Mazzitelli, D. Lohse, and F. Toschi, *The effect of microbubbles on developed turbulence*, Phys. Fluids **15**, L5 (2003).
- [62] I. M. Mazzitelli, D. Lohse, and F. Toschi, On the relevance of the lift force in bubbly turbulence, J. Fluid Mech. 488, 283 (2003).
- [63] I. M. Mazzitelli and D. Lohse, Lagrangian statistics for fluid particles and bubbles in turbulence, New J. Phys. 6, 203 (2004).
- [64] E. Calzavarini, M. Kerscher, D. Lohse, and F. Toschi, *Dimensionality and morphology of particle and bubble clusters in turbulent flow*, J. Fluid Mech. **607**, 13 (2008).
- [65] E. Calzavarini, M. Cencini, D. Lohse, and F. Toschi, *Quantifying turbulence induced* segregation of inertial particles, Phys. Rev. Lett. **101**, 084504 (2008).
- [66] P. Oresta, R. Verzicco, D. Lohse, and A. Prosperetti, *Heat transfer mechanisms in bubbly Rayleigh-Bénard convection*, Phys. Rev. E 80, 026304 (2009).
- [67] L. Schmidt, P. Oresta, F. Toschi, R. Verzicco, D. Lohse, and A. Prosperetti, *Modification of turbulence in Rayleigh-Bénard convection by phase change*, New J. Phys. **13**, 025002 (2011).
- [68] R. Lakkaraju, R. J. A. M. Stevens, P. Oresta, R. Verzicco, D. Lohse, and A. Prosperetti, Heat transport in bubbling turbulent convection, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 110, 9237 (2013).
- [69] K. Sugiyama, E. Calzavarini, and D. Lohse, *Microbubble drag reduction in Taylor-Couette flow in the wavy vortex regime*, J. Fluid Mech. **608**, 21 (2008).
- [70] P. Maffettone and M. Minale, *Equation of change for ellipsoidal drops in viscous flow*, J. Non-Newtonian Fluid Mech. **78**, 227 (1998).
- [71] V. Spandan, D. Lohse, and R. Verzicco, Deformation and orientation statistics of neutrally buoyant sub-Kolmogorov ellipsoidal droplets in turbulent Taylor-Couette flow, J. Fluid Mech. 809, 480?501 (2016).
- [72] V. Spandan, R. Verzicco, and D. Lohse, *Deformable ellipsoidal bubbles in Taylor-Couette flow with enhanced Euler-Lagrangian tracking*, Phys. Rev. Fluids **2**, 104304 (2017).
- [73] V. Spandan, V. Meschini, R. Ostilla-Mónico, D. Lohse, G. Querzoli, M. D. de Tullio, and R. Verzicco, A parallel interaction potential approach coupled with the immersed boundary method for fully resolved simulations of deformable interfaces and membranes, J. Comp. Phys. 348, 567 (2017).
- [74] V. Spandan, R. Verzicco, and D. Lohse, *Physical mechanisms governing drag reduction in turbulent Taylor-Couette flow with finite-size deformable bubbles*, J. Fluid Mech. **849**, R3 (2018).
- [75] S. Takagi, H. N. Oguz, Z. Zhang, and A. Prosperetti, *PHYSALIS: a new method for particle simulation Part II: Two-dimensional Navier-Stokes flow around cylinders*, J. Comp. Phys. **187**, 371 (2003).
- [76] A. Naso and A. Prosperetti, *The interaction between a solid particle and a turbulent flow*, New J. Phys. **12**, 033040 (2010).
- [77] C. H. J. Veldhuis, A. Biesheuvel, L. van Wijngaarden, and D. Lohse, *Wake structure of a rising spherical particle*, Nonlinearity **18**, C1 (2005).
- [78] E. A. van Nierop, J. J. Bluemink, S. Luther, J. Magnaudet, A. Prosperetti, and D. Lohse, Drag and lift forces on bubbles in a rotating flow, J. Fluid Mech. 571, 439 (2007).
- [79] J. J. Bluemink, D. Lohse, A. Prosperetti, and W. van Wijngaarden, A sphere in a uniformly rotating or shearing flow, J. Fluid Mech. 600, 201 (2008).
- [80] B. Eckhardt, S. Grossmann, and D. Lohse, *Torque scaling in turbulent Taylor-Couette flow between independently rotating cylinders*, J. Fluid Mech. **581**, 221 (2007).

- [81] F. Wendt, Turbulente Strömungen zwischen zwei rotierenden Zylindern, Ingenieurs-Archiv 4, 577 (1933).
- [82] D. P. M. van Gils, G. W. Bruggert, D. P. Lathrop, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *The Twente turbulent Taylor-Couette (T³C) facility: strongly turbulent (multi-phase) flow between independently rotating cylinders*, Rev. Sci. Instr. 82, 025105 (2011).
- [83] D. P. M. van Gils, S. G. Huisman, G. W. Bruggert, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Torque scaling in turbulent Taylor-Couette flow with co- and counter-rotating cylinders*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 024502 (2011).
- [84] S. G. Huisman, D. P. M. van Gils, S. Grossmann, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Ultimate turbulent Taylor-Couette flow*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **108**, 024501 (2012).
- [85] S. G. Huisman, S. Scharnowski, C. Cierpka, C. Kähler, D. Lohse, and C. Sun, *Logarithmic boundary layers in strong Taylor-Couette turbulence*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **110**, 264501 (2013).
- [86] S. G. Huisman, R. C. A. van der Veen, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Multiple states in highly turbulent Taylor-Couette flow*, Nat. Commun. 5, 3820 (2014).
- [87] D. P. M. van Gils, D. Narezo Guzman, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *The importance of bubble deformability for strong drag reduction in bubbly turbulent Taylor-Couette flow*, J. Fluid Mech. **722**, 317 (2013).
- [88] R. A. Verschoof, R. C. A. van der Veen, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Bubble drag reduction requires large bubbles*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **117**, 104502 (2016).
- [89] S. G. Huisman, R. C. A. van der Veen, G. W. Bruggert, D. Lohse, and C. Sun, *The boiling Twente Taylor-Couette (BTTC) facility: Temperature controlled turbulent flow between independently rotating, coaxial cylinders*, Rev. Sci. Instr. 86, 065108 (2015).
- [90] S. Hilgenfeldt, D. Lohse, and M. Zomack, *Response of bubbles to diagnostic ultrasound: a unifying theoretical approach*, Eur. Phys. J. B 4, 247 (1998).
- [91] E. S. C. Ching, Y. Cohen, T. Gilbert, and I. Procaccia, *Active and passive fields in turbulent transport: The role of statistically preserved structures*, Phys. Rev. E **67**, 016304(1 (2003).
- [92] M. Versluis, *High-speed imaging in fluids*, Exp. Fluids **54**, 1458 (2013).
- [93] S. M. van der Meer, B. Dollet, M. M. Voormolen, C. T. Chin, A. Bouakaz, N. de Jong, M. Versluis, and D. Lohse, *Microbubble spectroscopy of ultrasound contrast agents*, J. Acoust. Soc. Am. **121**, 648 (2007).
- [94] B. Dollet, S. M. van der Meer, V. Garbin, N. de Jong, D. Lohse, and M. Versluis, *Nonspherical oscillations of ultrasound contrast agent microbubbles*, Ultrasound in Med. & Biol. 34, 1465 (2008).
- [95] M. Overvelde, V. Garbin, J. Sijl, B. Dollet, N. de Jong, D. Lohse, and M. Versluis, *Nonlinear shell behavior of phosolipid-coated microbubbles*, Ultrasound in Med. & Biol. 36, 2080 (2010).
- [96] J. Sijl, M. Overvelde, B. Dollet, V. Garbin, N. de Jong, D. Lohse, and M. Versluis, "Compression-only" behavior: A second-order nonlinear response of ultrasound contrast agent microbubbles, J. Acoust. Soc. Am. 129, 1729 (2011).
- [97] V. Garbin, D. Cojoc, E. Ferrari, E. Di Fabrizio, M. Overvelde, S. Van Der Meer, N. De Jong, D. Lohse, and M. Versluis, *Changes in microbubble dynamics near a boundary revealed by combined optical micromanipulation and high-speed imaging*, Appl. Phys. Lett. **90**, 114103 (2007).
- [98] B. Dollet, P. Marmottant, and V. Garbin, *Bubble Dynamics in Soft and Biological Matter*, Annu. Rev. Fluid. Mech. 49, 331-355 (2019).
- [99] T. Segers, P. Kruizinga, M. P. Kok, G. Lajoinie, N. De Jong, and M. Versluis, Monodisperse

Versus Polydisperse Ultrasound Contrast Agents: Non-Linear Response, Sensitivity, and Deep Tissue Imaging Potential, Ultrasound in Med. & Biol. **44**, 1482 (2018).

- [100] E. Castro-Hernandez, W. van Hoeve, D. Lohse, and J. M. Gordillo, *Microbubble generation in a co-flow device operated in a new regime*, Lab on a Chip **11**, 2023 (2011).
- [101] B. Dollet, W. Van Hoeve, J.-P. Raven, P. Marmottant, and M. Versluis, *Role of the channel geometry on the bubble pinch-off in flow-focusing devices*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **100**, 034504 (2008).
- [102] T. Segers and M. Versluis, *Acoustic bubble sorting for ultrasound contrast agent enrichment*, Lab on Chip **14**, 1705 (2014).
- [103] T. Segers, L. de Rond, N. de Jong, M. Borden, and M. Versluis, Stability of monodisperse phospholipid-coated microbubbles formed by flow-focusing at high production rates, Langmuir 32, 3937 (2016).
- [104] E. C. Gelderblom, H. J. Vos, F. Mastik, T. Faez, Y. Luan, T. J. A. Kokhuis, A. F. W. van der Steen, D. Lohse, N. de Jong, and M. Versluis, *Brandaris 128 ultra-high-speed imaging facility: 10 years of operation, updates, and enhanced features*, Rev. Sci. Instr. 83, 103706 (2012).
- [105] D. Lensen, E. C. Gelderblom, D. M. Vriezema, P. Marmottant, N. Verdonschot, M. Versluis, N. De Jong, and J. C. Van Hest, *Biodegradable polymeric microcapsules for selective ultrasound-triggered drug release*, Soft Matter 7, 5417 (2011).
- [106] G. Lajoinie, E. Gelderblom, C. Chlon, M. Böhmer, W. Steenbergen, N. De Jong, S. Manohar, and M. Versluis, *Ultrafast vapourization dynamics of laser-activated polymeric microcapsules*, Nature Communications 5, 3671 (2014).
- [107] G. Lajoinie, Y. Luan, E. Gelderblom, B. Dollet, F. Mastik, H. Dewitte, I. Lentacker, N. Jong, and M. Versluis, *Non-spherical oscillations drive the ultrasound-mediated release from targeted microbubbles*, Communications Physics 1, 22 (2018).
- [108] E. G. Jebbink, V. Mathai, J. T. Boersen, C. Sun, C. H. Slump, P. C. Goverde, M. Versluis, and M. M. Reijnen, *Hemodynamic comparison of stent configurations used for aortoiliac occlusive disease*, J. Vascular Surgery **66**, 251 (2017).
- [109] J. de Jong, H. Reinten, M. van den Berg, H. Wijshoff, M. Versluis, G. de Bruin, and D. Lohse, Air entrapment in piezo-driven inkjet nozzles, J. Acoust. Soc. Am. 120, 1257 (2006).
- [110] J. de Jong, R. Jeurissen, H. Borel, M. van den Berg, H. Wijshoff, H. Reinten, M. Versluis, A. Prosperetti, and D. Lohse, *Entrapped air bubbles in piezo-driven inkjet printing: Their effect on the droplet velocity*, Phys. Fluids **18**, 121511 (2006).
- [111] R. J. M. Jeurissen, J. de Jong, H. Reinten, M. van den Berg, H. Wijshoff, M. Versluis, and D. Lohse, *Effect of an entrained air bubble on the acoustics of an ink channel*, J. Acoust. Soc. Am. **123**, 2496 (2008).
- [112] H. Wijshoff, *The dynamics of the piezo inkjet printhead operation*, Phys. Reports **491**, 77 (2010).
- [113] A. van der Bos, M.-J. van der Meulen, T. Driessen, M. van den Berg, H. Reinten, H. Wijshoff, M. Versluis, and D. Lohse, Velocity Profile inside Piezoacoustic Inkjet Droplets in Flight: Comparison between Experiment and Numerical Simulation, Phys. Rev. Appl. 1, 014004 (2014).
- [114] A. van der Bos, A. Zijlstra, E. Gelderblom, and M. Versluis, *iLIF: illumination by LaserInduced Fluorescence for single flash imaging on a nanoseconds timescale*, Exp. Fluids 51, 1283 (2011).

- [115] J. Eggers and T. F. Dupont, Drop formation in a one-dimensional approximation of the Navier-Stokes equation, J. Fluid Mech. 262, 205 (1994).
- [116] X. D. Shi, M. P. Brenner, and S. R. Nagel, A cascade of structure in a drop falling from a faucet, Science 265, 219 (1994).
- [117] J. Eggers, Nonlinear dynamics and breakup of free-surface flows, Rev. Mod. Phys. 69, 865 (1997).
- [118] W. van Hoeve, S. Gekle, J. Snoeijer, M. Versluis, M.Versluis, M. P. Brenner, and D. Lohse, Breakup of diminutive Rayleigh jets, Phys. Fluids 22, 122003 (2010).
- [119] T. Driessen, P. Sleutel, F. Dijksman, R. Jeurissen, and D. Lohse, *Control of jet breakup by a superposition of two Rayleigh-Plateau unstable modes*, J. Fluid Mech. **749**, 275 (2014).
- [120] C. W. Visser, P. E. Frommhold, S. Wildeman, R. Mettin, D. Lohse, and C. Sun, *Dynamics of high-speed micro-drop impact: numerical simulations and experiments at frame-to-frame times below 100 ns*, Soft Matter **11**, 1708 (2015).
- [121] C. W. Visser, R. Pohl, C. Sun, G.-W. Romer, B. Huis in 't Veld, and D. Lohse, *Toward 3D printing of pure metals by laser-induced forward transfer*, Adv. Materials 27, 4087 (2015).
- [122] J. Hendriks, C. W. Visser, S. Henke, J. Leijten, D. B. Saris, C. Sun, D. Lohse, and M. Karperien, *Optimizing cell viability in droplet-based cell deposition*, Sci. Reports 5, 11304 (2015).
- [123] C. W. Visser, M. V. Gielen, Z. Hao, S. Le Gac, D. Lohse, and C. Sun, *Quantifying cell adhesion through impingement of a controlled microjet*, Bio. Phys. J. **108**, 23 (2015).
- [124] A. L. Klein, W. Bouwhuis, C. W. Visser, H. Lhuissier, C. Sun, J. H. Snoeijer, E. Villermaux, D. Lohse, and H. Gelderblom, *Drop Shaping by Laser-Pulse Impact*, Phys. Rev. Appl. 3, 044018 (2015).
- [125] H. M. Jaeger, S. R. Nagel, and R. P. Behringer, *Granular solids, liquids, and gases*, Reviews of Modern Physics 68, 1259 (1996).
- [126] R. P. B. H. M. Jaeger, S. R. Nagel, *The physics of granular materials*, Physics Today 49, 32 (1996).
- [127] L. P. Kadanoff, Built upon sand: Theoretical ideas inspired by granular flows, Rev. Mod. Phys. 71, 435 (1999).
- [128] I. Goldhirsch, Rapid granular flows, Annu. Rev. Fluid Mech. 35, 267 (2003).
- [129] Y. Du, H. Li, and L. P. Kadanoff, Breakdown of hydrodynamics in a one-dimensional system of inelastic particles, Phys. Rev. Lett. 74, 1268 (1995).
- [130] J. Eggers, Sand as Maxwell's demon, Phys. Rev. Lett. 83, 5322 (1999).
- [131] K. van der Weele, D. van der Meer, M. Versluis, and D. Lohse, *Hysteretic clustering in granular gas*, Europhys. Lett. 53, 328 (2001).
- [132] D. van der Meer, K. van der Weele, and D. Lohse, Sudden Death of a Granular Cluster, Phys. Rev. Lett. 88, 174302 (2002).
- [133] R. Mikkelsen, D. van der Meer, K. van der Weele, and D. Lohse, *Competitive clustering in a bidisperse granular gas: Experiment, molecular dynamics, and flux model*, Phys. Rev. E **70**, 061307 (2004).
- [134] P. Eshuis, D. van der Meer, M. Alam, H. J. Gerner, K. van der Weele, and D. Lohse, *Onset of convection in strongly shaken granular matter*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **104**, 038001 (2010).
- [135] P. Eshuis, K. van der Weele, D. van der Meer, and D. Lohse, Granular Leidenfrost effect: Experiment and theory of floating particle clusters, Phys. Rev. Lett. 95, 258001 (2005).
- [136] H. J. van Gerner, M. A. van der Hoef, D. van der Meer, and K. van der Weele, *Interplay of air and sand: Faraday heaping unravelled*, *Phys.* Rev. E 76, 051305 (2007).

- [137] C. Sanlı, D. Lohse, and D. van der Meer, From antinode clusters to node clusters: the concentration-dependent transition of floaters on a standing Faraday wave, Phys. Rev. E 89, 053011 (2014).
- [138] D. Lohse, R. Bergmann, R. Mikkelsen, C. Zeilstra, D. van der Meer, M. Versluis, K. van der Weele, M. van der Hoef, and H. Kuipers, *Impact on soft sand: Void collapse and jet formation*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **93**, 198003 (2004).
- [139] G. Caballero, R. Bergmann, D. van der Meer, A. Prosperetti, and D. Lohse, *Role of air in granular jet formation*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **99**, 018001 (2007).
- [140] S. Joubaud, T. Homan, Y. Gasteuil, D. Lohse, and D. van der Meer, Forces encountered by a sphere during impact into sand, Phys. Rev. E 90, 060201 (2014).
- [141] S. von Kann, J. H. Snoeijer, D. Lohse, and D. van der Meer, *Nonmonotonic settling of a sphere in a cornstarch suspension*, Phys. Rev. E 84, 060401(R) (2011).
- [142] S.-C. Zhao, R. de Jong, D. van der Meer, et al., Liquid-grain mixing suppresses droplet spreading and splashing during impact, Physical review letters 118, 054502 (2017).
- [143] S. Joubaud, D. Lohse, and D. van der Meer, *Fluctuation theorems for an asymmetric rotor in a granular gas*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **108**, 210604 (2012).
- [144] L. O. Galvez, S. de Beer, D. van der Meer, and A. Pons, *Dramatic effect of fluid chemistry* on cornstarch suspensions: Linking particle interactions to macroscopic rheology, Phys. Rev. E **95**, 030602 (2017).
- [145] D. Lohse, R. Bergmann, R. Mikkelsen, C. Zeilstra, D. van der Meer, M. Versluis, K. van der Weele, M. van der Hoef, and H. Kuipers, *Impact on soft sand: Void collapse and jet formation*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **93**, 198003 (2004).
- [146] R. Bergmann, M. Stijnman, M. Sandtke, D. van der Meer, A. Prosperetti, and D. Lohse, Giant bubble collapse, Phys. Rev. Lett. 96, 154505 (2006).
- [147] S. Gekle, J. Manuel Gordillo, D. van der Meer, and D. Lohse, *High-Speed Jet Formation after Solid Object Impact*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **102**, 034502 (2009).
- [148] S. Gekle, I. R. Peters, J. Manuel Gordillo, D. van der Meer, and D. Lohse, Supersonic Air Flow due to Solid-Liquid Impact, Phys. Rev. Lett. 104, 024501 (2010).
- [149] O. R. Enriquez, I. R. Peters, S. Gekle, L. E. Schmidt, D. Lohse, and D. van der Meer, *Collapse and pinch-off of a non-axisymmetric impact-created air cavity in water*, J. Fluid Mech. **701**, 40 (2012).
- [150] I. R. Peters, M. Madonia, D. Lohse, and D. van der Meer, Volume entrained in the wake of a disk intruding into an oil-water interface, Phys. Rev. Fluids 1, 033901 (2016).
- [151] Y. Tagawa, N. Oudalov, C. W. Visser, I. R. Peters, D. van der Meer, C. Sun, A. Prosperetti, and D. Lohse, *Highly focused supersonic microjets*, Phys. Rev. X 2, 031002 (2012).
- [152] I. R. Peters, Y. Tagawa, N. Oudalov, C. Sun, A. Prosperetti, D. Lohse, and D. van der Meer, *Highly focused supersonic microjets: numerical simulations*, J. Fluid Mech. **719**, 587 (2013).
- [153] T. Tran, H. de Maleprade, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, Air entrainment during impact of droplets on liquid surfaces, J. Fluid Mech. 726, R3 (2013).
- [154] M. H. W. Hendrix, W. Bouwhuis, D. van der Meer, D. Lohse, and J. H. Snoeijer, Universal mechanism for air entrainment during liquid impact, J. Fluid Mech. 789, 708 (2016).
- [155] P. A. Tsai, S. Pachecho, L. Lefferts, and D. Lohse, Droplet impact upon micro- and nanostructured superhydrophobic surfaces, Langmuir 25, 12293 (2009).
- [156] P. Tsai, M. H. W. Hendrix, R. R. M. Dijkstra, L. Shui, and D. Lohse, *Microscopic structure influencing macroscopic splash at high Weber number*, Soft Matter 7, 11325 (2011).

- [157] R. C. A. van der Veen, M. H. W. Hendrix, T. Tran, C. Sun, P. A. Tsai, and D. Lohse, *How micro-structures affect air film dynamics prior to drop impact*, Soft Matter **10**, 3703 (2014).
- [158] W. Bouwhuis, R. C. A. van der Veen, T. Tran, D. L. Keij, K. G. Winkels, I. R. Peters, D. van der Meer, C. Sun, J. H. Snoeijer, and D. Lohse, *Maximal Air Bubble Entrainment at Liquid-Drop Impact*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **109**, 264501 (2012).
- [159] S. Wildeman, C. W. Visser, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *On the spreading of impacting drops*, J. Fluid Mech. **805**, 636 (2016).
- [160] F. Boyer, E. Sandoval-Nava, J. H. Snoeijer, J. F. Dijksman, and D. Lohse, *Drop impact of shear thickening liquids*, Phys. Rev. Fluids 1, 013901 (2016).
- [161] T. Tran, H. J. J. Staat, A. Prosperetti, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Drop Impact on Superheated Surfaces*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 036101 (2012).
- [162] H. J. J. Staat, T. Tran, B. Geerdink, G. Riboux, C. Sun, J. M. Gordillo, and D. Lohse, *Phase diagram for droplet impact on superheated surfaces*, J. Fluid Mech. **779**, R3 (2015).
- [163] M. Shirota, M. A. J. van Limbeek, C. Sun, A. Prosperetti, and D. Lohse, *Dynamic Leidenfrost Effect: Relevant Time and Length Scales*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **116**, 064501 (2016).
- [164] A. G. Marin, O. R. Enriquez, P. Brunet, P. Colinet, and J. H. Snoeijer, Universality of tip singularity formation in freezing water drops, Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 054301 (2014).
- [165] R. De Ruiter, P. Colinet, P. Brunet, J. H. Snoeijer, and H. Gelderblom, *Contact line arrest in solidifying spreading drops*, Phys. Rev. Fluids 2, 043602 (2017).
- [166] P. Tsai, R. G. H. Lammertink, M. Wessling, and D. Lohse, *Evaporation-Triggered Wetting Transition for Water Droplets upon Hydrophobic Microstructures*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **104**, 116102 (2010).
- [167] A. G. Marin, H. Gelderblom, D. Lohse, and J. H. Snoeijer, Order-to-Disorder Transition in Ring-Shaped Colloidal Stains, Phys. Rev. Lett. 107, 085502 (2011).
- [168] A. G. Marin, H. Gelderblom, A. Susarrey-Arce, A. van Houselt, L. Lefferts, J. G. E. Gardeniers, D. Lohse, and J. H. Snoeijer, *Building microscopic soccer balls with evaporating colloidal fakir drops*, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. **109**, 16455 (2012).
- [169] H. Tan, C. Diddens, P. Lv, J. G. M. Kuerten, X. Zhang, and D. Lohse, *Evaporating pure*, binary and ternary droplets: thermal effects and axial symmetry breaking, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. **113**, 8642 (2016).
- [170] O. R. Enriquez, C. Sun, D. Lohse, A. Prosperetti, and D. van der Meer, *The quasi-static growth of CO2 bubbles*, J. Fluid Mech. **741**, R1 (2014).
- [171] A. Moreno Soto, A. Prosperetti, D. Lohse, and D. van der Meer, Gas depletion through single gas bubble diffusive growth and its effect on subsequent bubbles, J. Fluid Mech. 831, 474 (2017).
- [172] P. Penas-Lopez, A. Moreno Soto, M. A. Parrales, D. van der Meer, D. Lohse, and J. Rodrguez-Rodriguez, The history effect on bubble growth and dissolution. Part 2. Experiments and simulations of a spherical bubble attached to a horizontal flat plate, J. Fluid Mech. 820, 479?510 (2017).
- [173] X. Li, Y. Wang, B. Zeng, Y. Li, H. Tan, H. J. Zandvliet, X. Zhang, and D. Lohse, *Entrapment and dissolution of microbubbles inside microwells*, Langmuir (2018).
- [174] D. Lohse and X. Zhang, *Surface nanobubble and surface nanodroplets*, Rev. Mod. Phys. 87, 981 (2015).
- [175] S. Yang, S. M. Dammer, N. Bremond, H. J. W. Zandvliet, E. S. Kooij, and D. Lohse, *Characterization of nanobubbles on hydrophobic surfaces in water*, Langmuir 23, 7072 (2007).

- [176] B. M. Borkent, S. M. Dammer, H. Schönherr, G. J. Vancso, and D. Lohse, *Superstability of surface nanobubbles*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **98**, 204502 (2007).
- [177] J. R. T. Seddon and D. Lohse, Nanobubbles and micropancakes: Gaseous domains on immersed substrates, J. Phys.: Condens. Matter 23, 133001 (2011).
- [178] R. P. Berkelaar, E. Dietrich, G. A. M. Kip, E. S. Kooij, H. J. W. Zandvliet, and D. Lohse, *Exposing nanobubble-like objects to a degassed environment*, Soft Matter **10**, 4947 (2014).
- [179] X. Zhang, H. Lhuissier, C. Sun, and D. Lohse, *Surface nanobubbles nucleate microdroplets*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **112**, 144503 (2014).
- [180] H. Lhuissier, D. Lohse, and X. Zhang, Spatial organization of surface nanobubbles and implications on their formation process, Soft Matter 10, 942 (2014).
- [181] D. Lohse and X. Zhang, *Pinning and gas oversaturation imply stable single surface nanobubble*, Phys. Rev. E **91**, 031003(R) (2015).
- [182] S. Maheshwari, M. van der Hoef, X. Zhang, and D. Lohse, *Stability of Surface Nanobubbles: A Molecular Dynamics Study*, Langmuir **32**, 11116 (2016).
- [183] V. Svetovoy, I. Dević, J. H. Snoeijer, and D. Lohse, *The effect of disjoining pressure and surface nanobubbles*, Langmuir **32**, 11188 (2016).
- [184] P. Lv, H. Le The, J. Eijkel, A. Van den Berg, X. Zhang, and D. Lohse, Growth and Detachment of Oxygen Bubbles Induced by Gold-Catalyzed Decomposition of Hydrogen Peroxide, J. Phys. Chem. C 121, 20769 (2017).
- [185] P. Bampoulis, V. J. Teernstra, D. Lohse, H. J. Zandvliet, and B. Poelsema, *Hydrophobic ice confined between graphene and MoS2*, J. Phys. Chem. C **120**, 27079 (2016).
- [186] X. Liu, L. Bao, M. Dipalo, F. De Angelis, and X. Zhang, Formation and dissolution of microbubbles on highly-ordered plasmonic nanopillar arrays, Sci. Reports 5, 18515 (2015).
- [187] E. Dietrich, E. S. Kooij, H. J. W. Z. Xuehua Zhang, and D. Lohse, *Stick-Jump Mode in Surface Droplet Dissolution*, Langmuir **31**, 4696 (2015).
- [188] E. Dietrich, S. Wildeman, C. W. Visser, K. Hofhuis, E. S. Kooij, H. J. W. Zandvliet, and D. Lohse, *Role of natural convection in the dissolution of sessile droplets*, J. Fluid Mech. **794**, 45 (2016).
- [189] M. Sbragaglia, C. Pirat, A. M. Peters, B. M. Borkent, R. G. H. Lammertink, M. Wessling, and D. Lohse, *Spontaneous breakdown of superhydrophobicity*, Phys. Rev. Lett. 99, 156001 (2007).
- [190] C. Pirat, M. Sbragaglia, A. M. Peters, B. M. Borkent, R. G. H. Lammertink, M. Wessling, and D. Lohse, *Multiple time scale dynamics in the breakdown of superhydrophobicity*, Europhys. Lett. 81, 66002 (2008).
- [191] J. H. Snoeijer and B. Andreotti, A microscopic view on contact angle selection, Phys. Fluids 20, 057101 (2008).
- [192] A. Marchand, T. S. Chan, J. H. Snoeijer, and B. Andreotti, Air entrainment by contact lines of a solid plate plunged into a viscous fluid, Phys. Rev. Lett. 108, 204501 (2012).
- [193] K. G. Winkels, J. H. Weijs, A. Eddi, and J. H. Snoeijer, *Initial spreading of low-viscosity drops on partially wetting surfaces*, Phys. Revi. E 85, 055301 (2012).
- [194] A. Marchand, S. Das, J. H. Snoeijer, and B. Andreotti, *Capillary pressure and contact line force on a soft solid*, Phys. Rev. Lett. **108**, 094301 (2012).
- [195] A. Pandey, S. Karpitschka, C. H. Venner, and J. H. Snoeijer, *Lubrication of soft viscoelastic solids*, J. Fluid Mech. **799**, 433 (2016).

- [196] S. Karpitschka, A. Pandey, L. A. Lubbers, J. H. Weijs, L. Botto, S. Das, B. Andreotti, and J. H. Snoeijer, *Liquid drops attract or repel by the inverted Cheerios effect*, Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. **113**, 7403 (2016).
- [197] R. J. Stevens and C. Meneveau, *Flow structure and turbulence in wind farms*, Annu. Rev. Fluid Mech. **49**, 311 (2017).

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2002-2005



Devaraj van der Meer, Ko van der Weele, and Detlef Lohse. Sudden collapse of a granular cluster, Phys. Rev. Lett. 88, 174302 (2002).

PHYSICS TODAY







Christian H. J. Veldhuis, Arie Biesheuvel, Leen van Wijngaarden, and Detlef Lohse. Wake structure of a rising spherical particle, Nonlinearity 18, C1-C8 (2005).

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2006-2008



Claus-Dieter Ohl, Manish Arora, Roy Ikink, Nico de Jong, Michel Versluis, Michael Delius, and Detlef Lohse. Sonoporation from jetting cavitation bubbles, Biophys. J. 91, 4285-4295 (2006).



Springende shampoo Broeikaseffect laat El Niño ongemoeid Op afstand bestuurbare eiwitbuisjes

Michel Versluis, Cock Blom, Devaraj van der Meer, Ko van der Weele, and Detlef Lohse. Springende shampoo, Nederlands Tijdschrift voor Natuurkunde 72, 312-313 (2006). ID June 2008 Journal of Fluid Mechanics VOLUME 644

Giles Delon, Marc Fermigier, Jacco Snoeijer, and Bruno Andreotti. Relaxation of a dewetting contact line, Part 2: Experiments, J. Fluid Mech. 604, 55-75 (2008)



Detlef Lohse Professor

Chair holder Physics of Fluids, started in 1998



Devaraj van der Meer Professor

Physics of granular matter and interstitial fluids, joined PoF staff in 2004



Jacco Snoeijer Professor

Capillary flows and elasticity, joined PoF staff in 2008



Michel Versluis Professor

Physical and medical acoustics, joined PoF staff in 2008



Sander Huisman Assistant Professor

High Reynolds number turbulence and multiphase flows, joined PoF staff in 2017



Dominik Krug Assistant Professor

Turbulence, joined PoF staff in 2018



Guillaume Lajoinie Assistant Professor

Microscale flow, phase-change and acoustics, joined PoF staff in 2018



Alvaro Marin Assistant Professor

Confined soft matter, joined PoF staff in 2015



Richard Stevens Assistant Professor

Numerical simulations of turbulence, joined PoF staff in 2016



Jens Harting Part-time Professor

Numerical simulations in microfluidics, joined PoF in 2013



Martin van der Hoef Part-time Associate Professor

Numerical simulation of particulate two-phase flow, joined PoF in 2012



Chris de Korte Part-time Professor

Medical ultrasound imaging, joint PoF in 2016



Andrea Prosperetti Part-time Professor

Berkhoff chair holder, joined PoF in 1998



Chao Sun Part-time Professor

Turbulence and multiphase flow, joined PoF in 2007



Roberto Verzicco Part-time Professor

Direct numerical simulations of turbulence, joined PoF in 2007



Xuehua Zhang Part-time Professor

Surface and colloidal science and engineering, joined PoF in 2014



Christian Diddens Group leader

Numerical simulation of multi-component droplets, joined PoF staff in 2017ww



Tim Segers Group leader

Inkjet printing and microbubbles for medical applications, joined PoF staff in 2017



Bas Benschop Support staff

System administrator, joined PoF staff in 2000



Martin Bos Support staff

Technician, joined PoF staff in 2005



Gert-Wim Bruggert Support staff

Senior technician, has always been there



Dennis van Gils Support staff

Senior research engineer, joined PoF staff in 2015



Joanita Leferink Support staff

Group Manager, joined PoF staff in 2001

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2009-2010

PHYSICAL

REVIEW

LETTERS





Jin-Qing Zhong, Richard Stevens, Herman Clercx, Roberto Verzicco, Detlef Lohse, and Guenter Ahlers. Prandtl-, Rayleigh-, and Rossby-number dependence of heat transport in turbulent rotating Rayleigh-Bénard convection, Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 044502 (2009).

American Physical Society Physics Volume 102, Number 4



Stephan Gekle, Ivo Peters, Jose Gordillo, Devaraj van der Meer, and Detlef Lohse. Supersonic air flow due to solid-liquid impact, Phys. Rev. Lett. 104, 024501 (2010).

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2011-2012



Macromolecular Materials and Engineering

296 (3-4) 199-384 (2011) - Vol 296 - No. 3-4 - March 28, 2011



Rheology, Mixing, and Flow of Polymeric Materials Guest-edited by P. Anderson

Thomas H. van den Berg, Willem D. Wormgoor, Stefan Luther, and Detlef Lohse. Phase-sensitive constant temperature anemometry, Macromol. Mater. Eng. 296, 230-237 (2011).



Peichun Tsai, Maurice H. W. Hendrix, Remko R. M. Dijkstra, Lingling Shui, and Detlef Lohse. Microscopic structure influencing macroscopic splash at high Weber number, Soft Matter 7, 11325 (2011). Journal of Fluid Mechanics VOLUME 701

25 June 2012

Oscar R. Enriquez, Ivo R. Peters, Stephan Gekle, Laura E. Schmidt, Detlef Lohse, and Devaraj van der Meer. Collapse and pinch-off of a non-axisymmetric impactcreated air cavity in water, J. Fluid Mech. 701, 40-58 (2012). Graduated PoF PhD students 1998-2018

Graduated PoF PhD students



Rüdiger Tögel thesis defense: 11 December 2002

now teacher in Marburg, and lecturer at the University of Marburg, Germany





Anna von der Heydt thesis defense: 24 March 2003

now associate professor at Utrecht University

Nonideal Turbulence



Anna von der Heydt



Irene Mazzitelli thesis defense: 25 June 2003

now high school teacher in Rome, Italy



Graduated PoF PhD students



Judith Rensen thesis defense: 26 September 2003

now design engineer at ASML, Veldhoven





Devaraj van der Meer thesis defense: 29 April 2004

now full professor at PoF, University of Twente





Michiel Postema thesis defense: 17 September 2004

now researcher at University of Bergen (Norway) and University of the Witwatersrand (South Africa)




René Mikkelsen thesis defense:

23 February 2005

now Technology director Integrated Systems at National Oilwell Varco





Manish Arora thesis defense: 16 February 2006

now professor at UTSAAH Laboratory at CPDM, IISc Bangalore, India





Ramon van den Berg thesis defense: 21 December 2006

now senior R&D engineer Thermal Conrol at NLR, Marknesse





Christian H.J. Veldhuis thesis defense: 7 February 2007

now at MARIN, Wageningen





Raymond Bergmann thesis defense: 14 March 2007

now at Shell R&D, Amsterdam



Impact on Sand and Water





Jos de Jong thesis defense: 25 April 2007

now at Océ R&D, Venlo



Jos de Jong



Francisco Fontenele Araujo Jr.

thesis defense: 7 June 2007 Wind reversals and non-Oberbeck-Boussinesq effects in Rayleigh-Bénard convection





Sander van der Meer thesis defense: 13 September 2007

now at TNO, Delft





Herman Wijshoff thesis defense: 25 January 2008

now at Océ R&D, Venlo and professor at Eindhoven University of Technology





Peter Eshuis thesis defense: 14 February 2008

now at Philips R&D, Eindhoven COLLECTIVE PHENOMENA IN VERTICALLY SHAKEN GRANULAR MATTER





ShangJiong Yang thesis defense: 9 October 2008

now Global product manager at Philips Lighting, Eindhoven







Hanneke Bluemink thesis defense: 12 December 2008

now clinical physicist at Catharina Ziekenhuis, Eindhoven





Henk Jan van Gerner thesis defense: 17 April 2009

now at NLR, Marknesse





Rory Dijkink thesis defense: 12 June 2009

now lecturer at Saxion, Enchede





Bram Borkent thesis defense: 2 October 2009

now Programme officer IPP at NWO, Utrecht





Roger Jeurissen thesis defense: 23 October 2009

now at Eindhoven University of Technology and ACFD Consultancy Bubbles in inkjet printheads: analytical and numerical models





Stephan Gekle thesis defense: 13 November 2009

now professor at University of Bayreuth, Germany





Jeroen Sijl thesis defense: 16 December 2009

now Founder and data scientist at Smart Segments, Coffs Harbour, Australia Ultrasound Contrast Agents Optical and Acoustical Characterization

eroen Sijl



Marlies Overvelde thesis defense: 9 April 2010

now clinical physicist at Gelderse Vallei Hospital, Ede

_ULTRASOUND CONTRAST AGENTS





Edip Can thesis defense: 12 May 2010

now lecturer at Saxion, Enschede





Arjan van der Bos thesis defense: 14 January 2011

now at Océ R&D, Venlo





Wim van Hoeve thesis defense: 23 March 2011

now at Tide Microfluidics, Enschede





Richard Stevens thesis defense: 30 June 2011

now assistant professor at PoF, University of Twente





Julián Martínez Mercado

thesis defense: 15 July 2011

now at University of Mexico City, Mexico





Aaldert Zijlstra thesis defense: 2 September 2011

now at Philips Consumer Lifestyle, Drachten







Dennis van Gils thesis defense: 16 December 2011

now staff member at PoF, University of Twente







Erik Gelderblom thesis defense: 20 April 2012

now clinical physicist at Radboud Medical Center, Nijmegen





Ivo Peters thesis defense: 29 June 2012

now assistant professor at Aerodynamics and Flight Mechanics Research Group, University of Southampton, UK





Ceyda Sanli thesis defense: 6 July 2012





Tak Shing Chan thesis defense: 30 August 2012

now postdoc at Department of Mathematics, University of Oslo, Norway Dynamical wetting transitions: liquid film deposition and air entrainment

Tak Shing Chan



René Houben thesis defense: 27 September 2012

now senior scientist at TNO, Eindhoven





Bram Verhaagen thesis defense: 28 September 2012

now at DEMCON, Enschede





Stefan von Kann thesis defense: 21 December 2012

now project engineer at Bronckhorst, Ruurlo





Rajaram Lakkaraju thesis defense: 11 January 2013

now assistant professor at Birla Institute of Technology and Science, Pilani - Goa, India





Laura Stricker thesis defense: 16 January 2013

now postdoc at ETH, Zürich, Switzerland





Koen Winkels thesis defense: 14 February 2013

now at ASML, Veldhoven

Fast contact line motion: fundamentals and applications



Koen G. Winkels





Hanneke Gelderblom

thesis defense: 10 April 2013

now assistant professor at Eindhoven University of Technology



fluid flow

in drying drops



Tess Homan thesis defense: 26 September 2013

now assistant professor at Eindhoven University of Technology



FINE SAND IN MOTION:



Joost Weijs thesis defense: 26 September 2013

now software and hardware developer, private business, Eindhoven Nanobubbles and Nanodrops Joost H. Weijs





Vivek Nagendra Prakash

thesis defense: 26 September 2013

now postdoc at Department of Bioengineering, Stanford University, USA





Theo Driessen thesis defense: 20 December 2013

now research engineer at ASML, San Diego, USA





Oleksandr Shpak thesis defense: 29 August 2014

now at ASML, Veldhovem

Acoustic droplet vaporization





Sander Huisman thesis defense: 19 September 2014

now assistant professor at PoF, University of Twente





Robin Peter Berkelaar thesis defense: 19 September 2014

now analyst quantitative research at Rabobank, Utrecht

<section-header><section-header>



Claas-Willem Visser thesis defense: 19 December 2014

now assistant professor Engineering Technology at University of Twente





Oscar Enriquez thesis defense: 14 January 2015

now assistant professor at Universidad Carlos III de Madrid, Spain





Hrudya Nair thesis defense: 29 January 2015

now part-time faculty at North Seattle College and Intern Technical Lead at University of Washington, USA





Mark-Jan van der Meulen thesis defense:

19 February 2015

now at NLR, Marknesse





José Federico Hernández Sánchez

thesis defense: 20 February 2015

now postdoc at King Abdullah University of Science and Technology, Thuwal, Saudi Arabia Free surface flows: Coalescence, Spreading and Dewetting





Rodolfo Ostilla Mónico thesis defense: 20 February 2015

now assistant professor at Houston University, USA





Tim Segers thesis defense: 29 May 2015

now group leader at PoF, University of Twente





Erwin van der Poel thesis defense: 3 July 2015

now operational analyst at Thales, Hengelo





Wilco Bouwhuis thesis defense: 28 August 2015

now lecturer at Saxion, Enschede

Dynamics of Deforming Drops

Wilco Bouwhuis





Sander Wildeman thesis defense: 4 September 2015

now postdoc at Langevin Institute, ESPCI Paris and CNRS, France





Guillaume Lajoinie

thesis defense: 24 September 2015

now assistant professor at PoF, University of Twente





Daniela Narezo Guzmán

thesis defense: 18 December 2015

now Data scientist at Institute of Transportation Systems, DLR, Berlin, Germany





Roeland van der Veen thesis defense: 24 March 2016

now at ING Bank





Erik-Jan Staat thesis defense: 31 March 2016

now at BDR Therma, Apeldoorn





Erik Dietrich thesis defense: 27 May 2016

now engineer at DEMCON, Enschede





Michiel van Limbeek thesis defense: 20 January 2017

now postdoc at EMS, University of Twente





Loreto Oyarte thesis defense: 27 January 2017

now postdoc at MCS, University of Twente





Pascal Sleutel thesis defense: 17 February 2017

now researcher at ASML, Veldhoven





Varghese Mathai thesis defense: 9 June 2017

now postdoc at Brown University, Rhode Island, USA





Alexander Klein thesis defense: 23 June 017

now researcher at ASML, Veldhoven





Rianne de jong thesis defense: 7 July 2017





Vamsi Spandan thesis defense: 14 July 2017

now postdoc at Harvard University, USA





Pantelis Bampoulis thesis defense: 1 September 2017

now postdoc at University of Cologne, Germany





Erik Groot Jebbink thesis defense: 1 December 2017

now postdoc at M3i, University of Twente





Xiaojue Zhu thesis defense: 16 February 2018

now postdoc at Harvard University, USA





Shantanu Maheshwari

thesis defense: 23 March 2018

now researcher at Shell Technology Centre Bangalore, India Molecular Dynamics Simulations of Nanobubbles and Nanodrops





Marise Gielen thesis defense: 6 April 2018

now design engineer at ASML, Veldhoven

Splashing drops

Marise Gielen





Ruben Verschoof thesis defense: 1 June 2018

now engineer at DEMCON, Enschede

Affecting drag in turbulent Taylor-Couette flow

Ruben Verschoof





Anupam Pandey thesis defense: 15 June 2018

now postdoc at PoF, University of Twente





Huanshu Tan thesis defense: 24 August 2018

now postdoc at University of California at Santa Barbara, USA Evaporation and dissolution of droplets in ternary systems



INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2012-2014





A. Susarrey-Arce, A. G. Marin, H. Nair, L. Lefferts,
J. G. E. Gardeniers, D. Lohse, and A. van Houselt.
Absence of an evaporationdriven wetting transition on omniphobic surfaces, Soft Matter 8, 9765 - 9770 (2012).



Alvaro G. Marin, Wim van Hoeve, Pablo Garcia-Sanchez, Lingling Shui, Yanbo Xie, Marco A. Fontelos, Jan C. T. Eijkel, Albert van den Berg, and Detlef Lohse. The microfluidic Kelvin water dropper, Lab Chip 13, 4503-4506 (2013).



Henri Lhuissier, Detlef Lohse, and Xuehua Zhang. Spatial organization of surface nanobubbles and its implications in their formation process, Soft Matter 10, 942-946 (2014).

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2014



Hrudya Nair, Hendrik J. J. Staat, Tuan Tran, Arie van Houselt, Andrea Prosperetti, Detlef Lohse, and Chao Sun. The Leidenfrost temperature increase for impacting droplets on carbon-nanofiber surfaces, Soft Matter 10, 2102-2109 (2014). Soft Matter

Roeland C. A. van der Veen, Maurice H. W. Hendrix, Tuan Tran, Chao Sun, Peichun Amy Tsai, and Detlef Lohse. How microstructures affect air film dynamics prior to drop impact, Soft Matter 10, 3703-3707 (2014). Ç

RIDGE

25 December 2014

Journal of Fluid Mechanics VOLUME 761



Priyanka Shukla, Istafaul Ansari, Devaraj van der Meer, Detlef Lohse, and Meheboob Alam. Nonlinear instability and convection in a vertically vibrated granular bed, J. Fluid Mech. 761, 123-167 (2014).



Federico Toschi start date 1 May 1999 end date 1 January 2001

now full professor Mesoscopic Transport Phenomena at Eindhoven University of Technology



Claus-Dieter Ohl start date 1 July 1999 end date 15 October 2009

now full professor at Otto-von-Guericke Universität Magdeburg, Germany



Stefan Luther start date 1 February 2001 end date 1 October 2004

now full professor at MPI for Dynamics and Self-Organzation Göttingen, Germany



Kengo Ichiki start date 1 May 2001 end date 1 May 2002

now chief engineer at Zenkei Corporation, Japan



Marie-Caroline Jullien start date 1 October 2001 end date 1 October 2002

now CNRS researcher at ESPCI, Paris, France



Philippe Marmottant start date 1 October 2001 end date 1 October 2004

now CNRS researcher at Université Joseph Fourier, Grenoble, France



Adrian Staicu start date 15 December 2002 end date 14 June 2005

now at Carl Zeiss, Germany



Nicolas Bremond start date 15 November 2003 end date 15 November 2005

now professor at Laboratoire Colloïdes et Matériaux Divisés -ESPCI, Paris, France



Stephan Dammer start date 1 October 2004 end date 1 October 2006

now at Commodity risk controlling, RWE Power AG, Essen, Germany



Kazu Sugiyama start date 1 April 2005 end date 1 October 2007

now full professor at Osaka University, Japan



Enrico Calzavarini start date 1 April 2005 end date 1 February 2008

now professor at École Polytechnique Universitaire de Lille, France



Christophe Pirat start date 15 September 2005 end date 1 November 2007

now professor at University of Lyon1, LPMCN, France



Benjamin Dollet start date 1 October 2005 end date 31 October 2007

now CNRS researcher at University of Grenoble, France



Mauro Sbragaglia start date 15 October 2005 end date 1 January 2008

now associate professor at University Tor Vergata, Rome, Italy



Aurore Naso start date 15 November 2005 end date 1 November 2007

now CNRS researcher at Laboratoire de Physique, ENS Lyon, France



Gabriel Cabellero Robledo start date 1 March 2006 end date 1 March 2008

now professor at CIMAV-Monterrey, Mexico



Paolo Oresta start date 1 March 2007 end date 30 June 2007

now professor at University of Bari, Italy



Valeria Garbin start date 1 July 2007 end date 15 June 2009

now associate professor at Imperial College, London, UK



Peichun Amy Tsai start date 20 September 2007 end date 20 September 2010

now associate professor at University of Alberta, Edmonton, Canada



Chao Sun start date 1 October 2007 end date 1 January 2009

now full professor at Tsinghua University, Beijing, China and part-time professor at PoF, University of Twente



Daniel Chehata Gómez start date 1 October 2007 end date 1 October 2009

now research scientist at Chihuahua Institute of Technology, Mexico



Todd Hay start date 1 July 2008 end date 1 July 2009

now at Applied Research Laboratories, The University of Texas at Austin, USA



Alvaro Marin start date 1 September 2008 end date 1 October 2011

now assistant professor at PoF, University of Twente



Sylvain Joubaud start date 1 September 2008 end date 22 January 2010

now CNRS researcher at ENS Lyon, France



Laura Elizabeth Schmidt start date 1 October 2008 end date 30 September 2010

now editorial manager at Elsevier, Amsterdam



James Seddon start date 1 January 2009 end date 30 June 2011



Siddartha Das start day 15 October 2009 end date 15 October 2011

now assistant professor at University of Maryland, USA



Kristján Guðmundsson start date 1 January 2010 end date 31 December 2011

now director at eTActica, Iceland



Yoshi Tagawa start date 1 April 2010 end date 31 December 2012

now assistant professor at Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology, Japan



Tuan Tran start date 15 October 2010 end date 31 July 2013

now assistant professor at Nanyang Technological University, Singapore



Christos Boutsioukis start date 1 May 2011 end date 30 April 2013

now assistant professor at Academic Centre for Dentistry Amsterdam



Henri Lhuissier start date 1 September 2011 end date 31 August 2013

now researcher at CNRS Marseille (Guazzelli-Pouliquen Institute), France


Antonin Eddi start date 1 October 2011 end date 30 September 2013

now researcher at PMMH laboratory - CNRS and ESPCI Paris Tech, France



François Boyer start date 1 January 2012 end date 31 December 2012

Impact of suspension droplets



Xuehua Zhang start date 15 July 2012 end date 15 December 2012

now full professor at University of Alberta, Edmonton, Canada, and part-time professor at PoF, University of Twente



Peter van Dijk start date 1 January 2013 end date 31 December 2014

107 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS



Yantao Yang start date 31 May 2013 end date 30 April 2017

now assistant professor at University of Beijing, China



SongChuan Zhao start date 15 July 2013 end date 14 July 2016

now assistant professor at Xi'an Jiantong University, China



Marie-Jean Thoraval start date 15 September 2013 end date 31 August 2015

now assistant professor at Xi'an Jiaotong University, China



Minori Shirota start date 15 October 2013 end date 31 January 2016

now assistant professor at Hirosaki University, Japan



Stefan Karpitschka start date 1 January 2014 end date 29 February 2016

now group leader at MPI for Dynamics and Self-Organzation, Göttingen, Germany



Xiumei Liu start date 1 March 2014 end date 28 February 2015

now assistant professor at University of Mining and Technology, Jiangsu, China



Vitaly Svetovoy start date 1 October 2014 end date 30 September 2016

now at Faculty of Mathematics and Natural Sciences, University of Groningen



Riëlle de Ruiter start date 1 January 2015; end date 31 December 2016

now at ASML, Veldhoven



Adeline Pons start date 1 January 2015 end date 30 September 2018

now at Saint-Gobain research center, Cavaillon, France



Elise Alméras start date 1 February 2015 end date 14 December 2016

now assistant professor at University of Toulouse LGC, France



Jun Luo start date 9 March 2015 end date 29 February 2016

now associate professor at Northwestern Polytechnical University, Xi'an, China



Pengyu Lyu start date 1 September 2015 end date 31 August 2017

now researcher at College of Engineering, Beijing University, China

110 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS



Maike Baltussen start date 1 November 2015 end date 31 October 2016

now assistant professor at Multiphase reactor group, Eindhoven University of Technology



Yuliang Wang guest scientist

Robotics Institute, School of Mechanical Engineering and Automation, Beihang University, China



Maxime Costalonga start date 1 February 2016 end date 31 March 2018

now postdoc at MIT, Cambridge, USA



Mengqi Zhang start date 1 September 2016 end date 31 January 2018

now assistant professor at National University, Singapore



Kirsten Harth start date 1 November 2016

Drop impact on hot, cold, and slippery surfaces



Borge ten Hagen start date 1 December 2016 end date 31 August 2018

now teacher at Gymnasium Hamm, Germany



Maziyar Jalaal start date 1 January 2017

Droplet impact of non-Newtonian Fluids and active matter



Corentin Tregouet start date 15 January 2017

Phase separation inside microfluidic droplets



Yanshen Li start date 1 September 2017

Bouncing Ouzo Droplets



Jiaming Zhang start date 1 September 2017

Droplets, bubbles and 3D-printing



Anaïs Gauthier start date 1 October 2017

Sliding drops and particles: self-propulsion and capillary interactions



Chong Shen Ng start date 1 October 2017

Turbulent dispersed multiphase flows

113 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS



Pallav Kant start date 1 December 2017

Contact line dynamics and droplet solidification



Walter Tewes start date 1 March 2018

Modelling of liquid droplets on lubricated substrates



Shuai Li start date 1 April 2018

Airgun-bubble dynamics in seabed geophysical exploration



Steven Chong start date 1 May 2018

Droplet Diffusion Dynamics with multi-component



Mathieu Souzy start date 15 May 2018

Clogging in constricted suspensions



Luoqin Liu start date 1 June 2018

Numerical simulation and analytical modeling of wind-farms

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2014-2015

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS

Journal of Fluid Mechanics VOLUME 745

25 April 2014



Rajaram Lakkaraju, Federico Toschi, and Detlef Lohse. Bubbling reduces intermittency in turbulent thermal convection, J. Fluid Mech. 745, 1-24 (2014).



Claas Willem Visser, Ralph Pohl, Chao Sun, Bert Huis int Veld, Gert-willem Römer, and Detlef Lohse. Towards 3D Printing of Pure Metals by Laser-Induced Forward Transfer, Adv. Materials 27, 4087-4092 (2015). 25 September 2015 Journal of Fluid Mechanics VOLUME 779



Hendrik J. J. Staat, Tuan Tran, Bart Geerdink, Guillaume Riboux, Chao Sun, Jose Manuel Gordillo, and Detlef Lohse. Phase diagram for droplet impact on superheated surfaces, J. Fluid Mech. Rapids 779, R3 (2015) [12 pages].

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2015-2016



Detlef Lohse and Xuehua Zhang. Surface nanobubbles and nanodroplets, Rev. Mod. Phys. 87, 981-1035 (2015).







Pantelis Bampoulis, Detlef Lohse, H. J. W. Zandvliet, and B. Poelsema. Coarsening dynamics of ice crystals intercalated between graphene and supporting mica, Appl. Phys. Lett. 108, 011601 (2016) [4 pages].



Arjan Fraters start date 1 April 2014

Droplet Formation and Bubble Entrapment in Piezo-Acoustic Inkjet Printing



Mathijs van Gorcum start date 1 September 2014

Dynamics of wetting on soft surfaces



Biljana Gvozdić start date 1 September 2014

Heat transport in bubbly flows



Ivan Dević start date 1 November 2014

Nanodroplet and nanobubble wetting



Rodrigo Ezeta start date 15 November 2014

Boiling Taylor-Couette turbulence



Dennis Bakhuis start date 1 February 2015

Particles, droplets, and bubbles in Taylor-Couette turbulence



Sten Reijers start date 1 March 2015

Laser impact on droplets



Álvaro Moreno Soto start date 1 April 2015

Diffusive bubble growth on surfaces



Thijs Verkaaik start date 1 May 2015

Solar steam nanobubbles



Liz Mensink start date 1 August 2015

Molecular Dynamics on Soft Wetting



Mikhail Zaytsev start date 1 January 2016

Plasmonic bubbles



José Manuel Encarnación Escobar start date 1 March 2016

Surface nano and micro droplets



Pim Bullee start date 1 June 2016

Superhydrophobic surfaces in turbulent Taylor-Couette flow



Alexander Blass start date 1 July 2016

Sheared convection and large scale structures in Rayleigh-Bénard Turbulence



Yaxing Li start date 1 August 2016

Evaporation of multi-component sessile droplets



Nakul Pande start date 1 August 2016

Bubble growth on electrodes



On-Yu Dung start date 1 August 2016

Heat and Mass transfer in bubbly flow with turbulence



Robin Koldeweij start date 10 August 2016

Droplets, impact, solidification and Marangoni effects



Utkarsh Jain start date 15 August 2016

Air cushioning in water impact



Martin Klein Schaarsberg start date 1 September 2016

Laser-induced forward transfer of complex fluids



Stefan Engelhard start date 15 January 2017

Ultrasound Particle Image Velocimetry in the Abdominal Aorta



Myrthe Bruning start date 15 January 2017

Assembling nanoparticles via evaporation-driven techniques



Pieter Berghout start date 15 February 2017

Roughness and spirals in Taylor-Couette flow



Jelle Will start date 1 April 2017

Particles in Turbulence

124 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS



Simon Overeem start date 1 April 2017 2017

Parallel stenting in the endovascular treatment of juxtarenal aneurysms



Srinidhi Nagarada Gadde start date 15 May 2017

Effect of atmospheric stability on wind farm performance



Jessica Strickland start date 1 September 2017

Analytical modelling and Large Eddy Simulation of large-scale wind farms



Martin Assen start date 1 September 2017

Numerical simulation of bubbles, drops and particles in turbulence



Ricardo Arturo López de la Cruz start date 15 September 2017

Droplet nucleation in multicomponent fluids



Carola Seyfert start date 1 October 2017

Evaporation-driven particle assembly for ultra-sensitive detection methods



Srinath Lakshman start date 1 October 2017

Droplet impact studies over thin slippery films



Diana García González start date 15 October 2017

Capillary forces in microstructured soft materials



Michiel Hack start date 1 November 2017

Ink drop behaviour on substrates



Xiaolai Li start date Fall 2017



Maaike Rump start date 1 March 2018

Droplet formation of liquids mixtures



Vatsal Sanjay start date 1 July 2018

Numerical simulations using Molecular Dynamics and Volume of Fluid

127 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS



Lijun Thayyil Raju start date 1 September 2018

Diffusive Droplet Dynamics in multi-component fluid systems



Yogesh Jethani start date 1 September 2018

Microbubbles nucleation in a jetting inkjet nozzle



Anja Stieren start date 1 October 2018

Interaction between large scale wind farms

129 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2016-2017



Huanshu Tan, Shuhua Peng, Chao Sun, Xuehua Zhang, and Detlef Lohse. 3D spherical-cap fitting procedure for (truncated) sessile nano- and microdroplets & -bubbles, Eur. Phys. J. E 39, 106 (2016) [10 pages].







Detlef Lohse. Beständige Bläschen, Physik Journal 16, Nr. 2, 29-34 (2017).

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2017



Huanshu Tan, Christian Diddens, Michel Versluis, Hans-Jürgen Butt, Detlef Lohse, and Xuehua Zhang. Self-wrapping of an Ouzo drop induced by evaporation on a superamphiphobic surface, Soft Matter 13, 2749-2759 (2017).



Yuliang Wang, Xiaolai Li, Shuai Ren, Hadush Tedros Alem, Lijun Yang, and Detlef Lohse. Entrapment of interfacial nanobubbles on nanostructured surfaces, Soft Matter 13, 5381-5388 (2017).



Chenglong Xu, Haitao Yu, Shuhua Peng, Ziyang Lu, Lei Lei, Detlef Lohse, and Xuehua Zhang. Collective interactions in the nucleation and growth of surface droplets, Soft Matter 13, 937-944 (2017).

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2018



Xiaojue Zhu, Varghese Mathai, Richard Stevens, Roberto Verzicco, and Detlef Lohse. Transition to the ultimate regime in two-dimensional Rayleigh-Bénard convection, Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 144502 (2018) [6 pages]. Brendan Dyett, Akihito Kiyama, Maaike Rump, Yoshiyuki Tagawa, Detlef Lohse, and Xuehua Zhang. Growth dynamics of surface nanodroplets during solvent exchange at varying flow rates, Soft Matter 14, 5197-5204 (2018).

INTERMEZZO Journal Covers 2018





Xiaojue Zhu, Roberto Verzicco, Xuehua Zhang, and Detlef Lohse. Diffusive interaction of multiple surface nanobubbles: shrinkage, growth, and coarsening, Soft Matter 14, 2006-2014 (2018). Xiaolai Li, Yuliang Wang, Binglin Zeng, Yanshen Li, Huanshu Tan, Harold J. W. Zandvliet, Xuehua Zhang, and Detlef Lohse. Entrapment and dissolution of microbubbles inside microwells, Langmuir 34, 10659–10667 (2018).



Emeritus professor Leen van Wijngaarden

1 September 1965 till 31 March 1997, Chair holder leerstoel Warmteoverdracht en Stromingsleer



Emeritus professor Frits Dijksman 1 September 2011 till 31 August 2016



Sascha Hilgenfeldt 15 October 2000 till 31 August 2004, assistant professor

now professor at the University of Urbana-Champaign, Illinois, USA



Nico de Jong 1 March 2003 till 30 November 2011, part-time professor

now professor at Erasmus Medical Center Rotterdam and part-time head of the department of Acoustical Waveform Imaging, Delft University of Technology



Ko van der Weele 1 December 1999 till 31 December 2005

now Full professor at University of Patras, Greece



Gerrit de Bruin 1 June 1968 till 30 June 2004, assistant professor

now retired



Marianne van der Linde

1 June 1974 till 30 November 2001, secretary

now retired



Henni Scholten 16 June 1969 till June 2002 (deceased 22 January 2006)

technician







140 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS

Lorentz

center

n

FON

e n

e



Twenty years of PoF in numbers



Top: Cumulative number of refereed publications in the PoF group. After 20 years we are close to a 1000 publications. Bottom: Number of refereed publications per year in the PoF group over the years.
Twenty years of PoF in numbers



Top: Cumulative number of PhD thesis in the PoF group, after 20 years we have already 80 graduates, we will reach our 100th graduate in roughly 2 years (and he or she is already with us!).

Bottom: Number of PhD theses per year in the PoF group.



Fraction of the most popular journals (cumulative) as a function of time. One in seven papers is in the Journal of Fluid Mechanics. The group has published in more than 173 journals.



The Physics of Fluids group has published nearly a thousand publications in more than a 170 journals. Here we show the journals with the most publications.





Timeline of PhD graduations



Timeline of PhD graduations



Timeline of PhD graduations



Timeline of Postdoc positions



Timeline of Postdoc positions



Timeline of Postdoc positions





153 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS



14. Javier Rodríguez Rodríguez, 15. Jessica Strickland, 16. Gert-Wim Bruggert, 17. Xiaojue Zhu, 18. Rodrígo Ezeta, 19. Chao Sun, 20. Dominik Krug, 21. Maaike Rump, 22. Alvaro Marin, 23. Pim Bullee, 24. José Manuel Encarnación Escobar, 25. Detlef Lohse, 38. Srinidhi Nagarada Gadde, 39. Vatsal Sanjay, 40. Shuai Li, 41. Yaxing Li, 42. Luoqin Liu, 43. Dennis Bakhuis, 44. Martin Klein Schaarsberg, 45. Ricardo Arturo López de la Cruz, 46. Srinath Lakshman, 47. Pallav Kant, 48. Yanshen Li, 49. Steven Chong, 26. Anaïs Gauthier, 27. Martin Assen, 28. Jelle Will, 29. Álvaro Moreno Soto, 30. Joanita Leferink, 31. Martin van der Hoef, 8. Richard Stevens, 9. Myrthe Bruning, 10. Utkarsh Jain, 11. Devaraj van der Meer, 12. Kirsten Harth, 13. Mikhail Zaytsev, 32. Mathieu Souzy, 33. Dennis van Gils, 34. Pieter Berghout, 35. Michiel Hack, 36. Yogesh Jethani, 37. Bas Benschop, 1. Sander Huisman, 2. Dominic Tai, 3. Peter Dung, 4. Huanshu Tan, 5. Liz Mensink, 6. Xiaolai Li, 7. Christian Diddens, 50. Walter Tewes, 51. Maziyar Jalaal, 52. Carola Seyfert, 53. Lijun Thayyil Raju, 54. Guillaume Lajoinie.

154 | PHYSICS OF FLUIDS

Mathijs van Gorcum, Biljana Gvozdić, Robin Koldeweij, Chris de Korte, Nakul Pande, Andrea Prosperetti, Sten Reijers, Tim Segers, Jacco Snoeijer, Thijs Verkaaik, Michel Versluis, Roberto Verzicco, Leen van Wijngaarden, Jiaming Zhang, and Xuehua Zhang **Group members missing on the photo are:** Alexander Blass, Martin Bos, Ivan Dević, Arjan Fraters, Diana García González,

PHOTO: SANDER HUISMAN

Group photo August 2018



wake sphere vortex Geometry Harmonic fluctuations resolved deformation suspension entrainment regime contact Nucleation enhancement spreading sand bounded properties Experimental irrigation Experiment Mediated direct fluid Droplet dimensional ultrasonic nanodroplets distribution oscillations nonlinear numeric inkiet statistics forces Coalescence Prandtl op reduction AIr sessile Spheres mode arge behavior suspensions Imaging Dynamic II Phase la conditions particle energy finite canal Dissolution Diffusive eat uniform Clusters bubbly ressure theory evaluation SONOlum Experiments Microfluidic Stability Growth flows inside drivenlayer drag **Drops** models shape aser potential sp farms Collapse Usina ^{root} cell time coated (sinale Highly Solid Effect Controlled Soft Channel optical simulation ^{size} double Boundarv near Non Response cells Nanob vapor hiah ^{molecular} delivery cavity Irrigant acoustic characterization Coarsening windnumber Study Unsteady scale dependence SCaling simulations th ermal activated agent particles temperature method phospholipid multiple Role Influence transfer transport Computational clustering Eddy Ultimate structure Transition homogeneous analysis Capillary Interaction measurements cleaning profiles jets nanobubble Comparison Approach pinch Wetting Leidenfrost Layers

Word cloud made from the titles of all the refereed publications.



Word cloud made from the titles of all the PhD theses.

Colophon

This booklet was published on the occasion of the 20th anniversary of the Physics of Fluids research group at the University of Twente

All data in this booklet are as of 1 October 2018.

Text by Detlef Lohse Coordination and production: Sander Huisman, Joanita Leferink and Huub Eggen Layout and print: Drukkerij Badoux, Houten Circulation: 500 copies

Enschede, October 2018

ISBN 978-90-365-4631-7

Copyrights Physics of Fluids, University of Twente



UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE.